# Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

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## Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.


### REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

GOVERNOR,
JAMES A. BEAVER, of Centre county.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
W. T. DAVIES, of Bradford county.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,
WILLIAM HENRY RAWLE, of Phila.

SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
JOHN M. GREER, of Butler county.

CONGRESSMAN-AT-LARGE,
MARRIOTT BROSIUS, of Lancaster.

### Republican County Convention.

The Republican voters of Centre county will, in the usual manner, elect three delegates from each election district on

SATURDAY, 23d DAY OF SEPTEMBER,

which delegates will meet in County Convention, at the Court House, in Bellefonte, on

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1882,

1 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of nominating two candidates for the Legislature, one Jury Commissioner, Congressional and Senatorial conferees, and for the purpose of transacting such other business as may be brought before the Convention. By order of the County Committee,

WILBUR F. REEDER, D. H. HASTINGS, Chairman
J. IRVIN HAGERMAN, Secretaries.
14 35 3t

### EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

THE *Watchman* says the State College is a failure, but then it said the same thing about the Rebellion a few years ago

PAY your state and county tax before the 7th of October if you want to elect a gallant soldier to the position of Chief Magistrate of Pennsylvania and give "My Maryland" Pattison an invitation to remain at home.

THE conviction is growing in the public mind that Pattison is too young to be entrusted with the government of a great state like Pennsylvania. And there are plenty of Democrats frank enough to admit that such is the fact.

ENGLAND already owes the Suez canal company about $360,000 for tolls. It may be called on to pay damages in addition, for obstructing the business of the canal. She will doubtless pay up; but as she owns a controling share of the stock, it will be like paying money out of one of her pockets into the other.

THE Maine elections were held on Monday, the 11th, but our Democratic contemporaries fail to report that fact to their readers. The reason is probably because the State was carried by the Republicans, the majority being from 7,000 to 9,000 with large gains in the number of Republican representatives elected. Maine is always regarded as a fair index to the political complexion of the country at large.

THE Maine election, taken in connection with the preceding one in Oregon, seems to show that the complexion of the next Congress is not likely to be so certainly Democratic as some of the reactionary journals of the middle States had been taking for granted. The State of Maine affords a good test of the tone of national sentiment, and has long done so.

ALAS! they say it (the College) is a failure.—*Dem. Watchman.*

Admire the coincidence! so the Democratic papers all said in 1864, when the United States government was fighting down the Rebellion; even the *Democratic Watchman* published it broadcast for a fact. Oh! what a judge.

GENERAL BEAVER is simply an ordinary country lawyer * * * * Gentleman voters of Pennsylvania, we assure you that General Beaver is one of the most ordinary candidates ever presented for your suffrages.—*Dem. Watchman.*

Once on a time the crow and the nightingale disputed about which was the best singer; and refering the decision to the ass, as umpire, he at once decided in favor of the crow, because his coarse caw came nearest to his own bray. Oh what a judge!

### The Real Question for Voters.

There is no lack of false issues, but there is only one real question for Republicans to consider in the present canvass. The question is briefly, "which party, taken on its record is entitled to administer the affairs of the State and of the nation?" The Republican party arose in 1854 and became a factor, crystallized as an organization in 1856, and won its first national victory in 1860. Since that time it has been practically the shaper of national policy and the controller of national destiny. Its doings are facts of record. The annals of Congress exist without a break. Not a page, not even a line has been expunged. Such as it is every man who can read and who cares to act upon information in casting his vote, can appeal to it and form his conclusions. It is not a perfect record if by a perfect record we mean a record without an error. But just as it is the party goes upon it before the people and asks their suffrages. The party does not ask oblivion for a single page of that record. One high purpose runs through it all, from 1861 to 1882, and that purpose relates to universal liberty as a basis of just government, economy in the administration of national and State affairs, and a faultless public credit.

On the other hand stands the record of the Democracy from 1832 to 1860 as a majority party, and its record from 1860 to 1882 as a minority party. The first act of a Democratic President was an act in violation of all his pledges in consenting to the destruction of the Tariff of 1828. A brief period of Whig rule gave the country the Tariff of 1842, under which the wages of labor and the opportunity to labor profitably increased, and the country entered upon a period of thrift after the collapse of 1837. The Democrats returned to power in 1845 under a distinct pledge to the people to maintain the Tariff of 1842. Their first work was to abolish that beneficent measure and substitute for it the Tariff of 1846. The result of this perfidy was seen in the collapses of 1847 and 1857, the decrease of the wages of labor and the universal prostration of our industries. Meantime the question of the extension of slavery into the virgin Territories arose, and the Democratic party struck hands with the oligarchy, who believed and taught that capital should own labor, and in collusion with the oligarchy brought on the rebellion of 1861.

This is history as derived from the record. Since 1861 the Democratic party has used its power to obstruct and hinder the government ordained by the people. It opposed every amendment of the Constitution intended to secure the results of the war for national life. It opposed every reconstruction measure and taught that rebellion against Federal authority is not a crime. Of all the great measures of finance which constitute Republican financial policy the Democratic leaders have not aided in adopting one. They have opposed all that now, after years of successful operation, they annually approve. The country as it exists to-day, with all its varied industry, its thrift, its high credit, and its place among great nations, is literally the creation of the people through the Republican party. The State of Pennsylvania, with its vast fixed capital applied to the development of its great resources, with its great railway system and numerous local markets, and with its preferred credit, is simply a monument of the wise rule of the Republican party. The question for Republican voters is—"which party has earned the right to administer State and national affairs—taking each upon its record?"

Gen. Beaver, and his colleagues on the Republican ticket, represent the record and the results of Republican rule. Mr. Pattison and his colleagues on the Democratic ticket, represent the record of that party from 1832 to 1882. If Andrew Jackson could not be trusted to respect his written pledges to defend American labor and enterprise against foreign capital and pauper labor, how are we to trust Mr. Pattison with the vast interests of Pennsylvania? His pledges, if made, would be made to the ear only to be broken to the hope. An untried man; a man nominated by the most sinister influence known in State politics; a man who, whatever his inclinations may be, would prove as wax in the hands of that influence—to prefer such a man to a man of positive character, and of the known ability and exalted patriotism of General Beaver, would be to prefer the record of Democratic misrule and Democratic hostility to the vital interests of the country. We cannot believe that the Republicans of Pennsylvania are afflicted by such autumn madness as that would indicate.

But that is exactly what Republican division, if maintained at the polls, means, if not meaningless. Only one of two results is possible in Pennsylvania. There is no escape from this conclusion. Either the Republican or the Democratic record must be endorsed, and whichever shall be endorsed will owe its endorsement to the Republicans of Pennsylvania. There is no escape from this conclusion. The fine casuistry which teaches that a vote for a Republican covers the obligation of the Republican voter to maintain Republican ascendency ought not to deceive anybody. It will not deceive anybody who does not want to be deceived. The case for Republican voters could not be plainer were there only two candidates in the the field—Beaver and Pattison. Practically there are but two candidates, one an advanced Republican, the other a reactionary Democrat. And Republicans must choose between them.

### State College Figures.

The terrible straits to which Democratic papers are put to procure thunder for the campaign is shown in the article now being published concerning the State College and General Beaver's connection with it. The result of the article should be to cause disgust for the papers that publish it on the part of all fair and honorable citizens. In a woefully stupid manner the article distorts figures. It admits that the average number of students attending each year was 144, or 1440 in ten years. The educational expenses in that time were $315,000. Now because only 46 students were graduated from the institution in the ten years the article would endeavor to represent that the entire expenses were for the benefit of the graduates. The publishers of that article should remember that all persons who attend College do not graduate, and the large amount of money expended was not intended merely for the graduates, but for all the attendants of the school, which would make only a trifle more than $200 to each student. We venture to say that neither Harvard, Princeton or Yale colleges are conducted on any more economical plan. Are these Democratic editors so blissfully ignorant as to suppose that none reap any benefit without going through the entire college course? If they would take advantage of only one year in college they would discover their mistake. It is unnecessary to say that the *Watchman* publishes this stupid accumulation of figures, and we are glad of it, as its readers can see what bald deception is used in arriving at its conclusion regarding the forty-six graduates.

THE cost of monarchy is remarkably illustrated by the fact that the present Czar of Russia inherited from his ancestors no less than seventeen palaces, and is now building for himself a new one at Peterhoff, on the Gulf of Finland, the foundations of which alone are to cost $300,000. The imperial despot squanders the money of his subjects as recklessly as he does their lives and their blood.

### Beaver vs. Pattison.

We have already entered into the canvass that will only end when the citizens of this Commonwealth convene at the polls to determine the political destiny of the State, perhaps for years. The history of the two great parties need not be recapitulated. To that now holding the reins, is to be attributed the present prosperous condition of every branch of trade. How long this may continue if change occurs, is beyond our ken.

That a desperate effort will be made by our enemies is not to be doubted or questioned. The choice of Mr. Pattison as candidate for Governor was not made by the Democratic convention because of any inherent quality in him as an executive officer, but solely on the ground of availability. He is undoubtedly a thoroughly competent controller, and no one will attempt to detract one iota from the clerical credit which he has won, but that does not constitute him capable to perform the duties of the Chief Magistracy. There can be no comparison made between him and the standard bearer of the Republicans. General Beaver is an experienced Statesman. A man who has been accustomed to deal with large numbers of his fellowmen for many years, on the field of war and in the State, and knows men as they are. Take his opponent's history into consideration. Mr. Pattison is only thirty-one years of age, and although filling his second term as Controller, has never had any other political experience than that which is incident to the limited precincts of his office.

What characteristics has Mr Pattison ever exhibited for the great executive ability, such as will be required of a chief magistrate of a State? He was never ranked as a great lawyer, being too young, when he left his profession for the City Controllership to have made a name in the practice of the law. He is not a fair representative of his party He owed it no particular allegiance up to the time of his first nomination for office. It cannot be said that the Democrats selected him for the office of Controller because he had exhibited any special qualities; he was then totally without experience and had had no opportunity to show what was in him. It was, as he has himself said, "a streak of great fortune that gave him the nomination, when the people were enthusiastic over reform." But above and over every other consideration, with whatever capabilities he may possess he is the standard bearer of a party whose succession in this State must not be permitted or even thought of. They are every day congratulating themselves upon the favorable auspices under which they have started. They are using every means in their power, by their press, to foster discontent in our ranks, taking special pains to point out the insurmountable difficulties that exist. How anxious they are concerning us! Doubtless they lay awake nights thinking out the problem of our relief. We only say, "Stand aside gentlemen, the day of vengeance is at hand," The dogs of war will soon be let loose. We have for our leader a true veteran; a soldier who has fought and bled on the battle field of his country, and whose ability is recognized by all as the helmsman of the Republican ship of State, compared to whom Pattison is but a cockswain of the Democratic four-oared barge. The people have not yet said "we have lost confidence in the Republican party," nor are they yet ready to recall the fossilized principles of Democracy, which they relegated to obscurity twenty years ago.

Not yet have they witnessed "the fruits meet for repentance." Since the war new systems of finance became necessary and twenty years are too short to permit their reference to a party that has persistently shown an antipathy to everything that was a complete out-growth of the rebellion. "The mill of the gods grinds slow, but exceedingly fine;" redemption may come, but it will be after such changes in principles and tactics as will warrant the people's trust. Of one thing let all rest assured, that the people of Pennsylvania will never elect a "young blood" from the South over a maimed Northern soldier.

### Is the Tariff an Issue?

The reflecting mind will not fail to perceive the drift of the present agitation respecting the laboring classes, as they manifestly appear an important integer in the sum of politics in this State. Why this "hue and cry" that the Republican party are trying to buy the labor vote, if the Democrats do not realize that they have pursued a course directly tending to antagonize this element as regards the hope of any action on their part to redeem the past! The Republican party has all through the period of its career shown a determination to foster those interests that convince the mechanic that all his hope for future comfort lies directly with a protective Tariff, and that they are its true friends. That the Democratic party advocates Free Trade is beyond dispute; they no longer attempt to deny it. There is therefore, nothing in the past to indicate that there will be any hope in the future from them. They are the allies of the renowned Cobden Club, and every evidence that is allowed to present itself most clearly proves that if they succeed there will supervene a condition of affairs that will be perfectly deplorable.

The Democratic party emphatically declare themselves in favor of removing the internal revenue tax; but employed their parliamentary tactics to defeat such a measure. We imagine that the *animus* of this is apparent. The average expense of the government annually is three hundred million, and they see that in order to raise this sum independent of an internal revenue, that a Tariff for revenue only will not secure this sum for governmental purposes.

LIKE Blaine, General Beaver is impulsive—the fault of all generous natures; and like him he will always be triumphantly supported by the people of his own State. General Beaver, like Blaine, is bitterly hated and feared by that old corrupt faction of the Democracy that gave aid and sympathy to rebels against their government, and were commonly known as Copperheads from 1861 to 1865; for they know that like Blaine he is dear, not only to the people of his own State, but also to the heart of the Nation. These two men stand as towers of strength far above the common, sordid politicians, of this day and age, and are, through their friends, in great danger of being made competitors for the Presidency in 1884.

THE sickness of Prince Bismarck has been so frequently reported within the past few years that its announcement has ceased to command much attention. Yet it is not unlikely that the rumor of his serious indisposition at the present time is well founded. Bismarck is getting well on in years, and according to all accounts he has not taken very good care of himself. He is notoriously a high liver, and however palatable a mixture of champagne and porter may be, it can hardly be very wholesome as a steady beverage And there is perhaps no man in Europe or in the world whose death would be more potential in its consequences.

THE United States Treasurer reported a balance of $121,887,353 of silver on the 1st of September, against $119,811,125 on the 1st of August, a gain of over two millions in the total amount of the silver coinage in a month. In the same time the gold supply has increased from $145,079,000 to $149,806,921. The cause of this increase of specie of both kinds is the temporary cessation in the call of the government bonds, the legal tenders having also increased nearly a million in the last month.

THE Bible says that a fool may be considered wise if he keeps quiet, which is perhaps the reason why we do not hear from Pattison.

### GENERAL NOTES.

A GREAT deal of counterfeit silver is being shoved on Georgia.

A. A. STEPHENS was run over and killed by a yard engine at Norfolk, Virginia.

NELLIE PINES, 14 years of age, was fatally injured by a switch engine at Rochester, N. Y.

MRS. MIRIAM OSGOOD, of Warren, N. H., celebrated her 103d birthday on Monday, the 10th.

ABOUT 3,000 Knights of Honor are in Chicago, attending the convention of the Order there.

A TOLEDO, OHIO, judge gives wife beaters one hundred days' employment in the stone yard.

THE mayor of Grand Forks, Dakota, is charged with swindling his mother-in-law out of $100,000.

IT IS reported from Sonora that the Apaches have been driven out of the Sierre Madre mountains.

THOMAS WHITTAKER was assassinated near Lyman's station, Missouri, last week. His half-brother is suspected of the crime.

THE Missouri crops this year will aggregate 240,000,000 bushels of corn and 46,000,000 bushels of wheat, valued at $220,000,000.

THERE was frost in South Carolina on Wednesday morning, which, it is feared, almost destroyed the corn and cotton crops.

ENGINEER MELVILLE and Messrs. Noros and Ninderman, of the Jeannette, arrived in New York a few days ago by the steamer Parthia.

THE signal service at Washington foretold the rent cyclone and sent out warnings in time to save maratime property and probably human life.

HERBERT SPENCER'S health has not been improved as he expected it would be by his trip to America. Indeed, it is worse than it was when he left England.

SUSAN B. ANTHONY will deliver an address to the convention of the National Woman suffrage association, which meets at Omaha on the 26th of this month.

REV. DR. CHANDLER ROBBINS, a well-known Unitarian minister, of Boston, died suddenly at Westport, Mass, aged 62 years. He was author of several books.

REV. ANDREW J. ROPE, of Taylorville, Ill., is under arrest on a charge of forging a note for $280 with which money he paid the expenses of his wedding tour.

CHARLES HANNA, a nephew of Judge Hanna, of the first judiciary district of Oregon was fatally shot by a rough named Caldwell, at Jacksonville, in that State.

THURLOW WEED'S condition has not improved. He is extremely weak and unable to exert himself in the slightest degree. He will be 85 years old on the 14th of November.

FRANK SHANLEY, a well-known civil engineer, who, with his brother, constructed the Hoosac tunnel, died on Wednesday morning on a railroad train, near Brookville, Ontario.

PROF. E. E. BARNARD, of Nashville, has discovered a bright comet near the star Limbda, in the constellation Gemini. The direction of the comet's motion has not been obtained.

YELLOW fever of a malignant type has broken out at Mier, Mexico, thirty five miles from Laredo, Texas. It is said to have been imported in merchandise from Matamoras.

JAMES A. ARNOTT, a prominent farmer of Lewistown, Ill., was fatally shot by one of his sons in a family fight, growing out of the old man's improper relations with a neighboring widow.

WILLIAM PARSONS was arrested at Bordentown, New Jersey, for knocking a man down, robbing him of his money and stripping him of his clothes. Parsons had the man's trousers on when arrested.

INVESTIGATION by special agents of the treasury of the charges against the management of the mint at Carson, Nev., resulted in a breaking of the prosecution and a disproval of nearly every allegation of the complainants.

THOMAS SEYMOUR, Saratoga's most venerable citizen, has just died at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. A. H. Scott, in Greenfield. He was 94 years of age, and died on the farm which he had cleared with his own hands.

THE secretary of the navy has reorganized the civil establishments at all the naval stations under the reduced appropriations made at the last session of congress. The force at each station is to be reduced one-half, the new arrangement having already taken effect.

IT HAS BEEN decided by the American association of Union Lager Beer brewers of New York and the neighborhood not to pay the $1,000 reward claimed by H. H. Hadley, who charged that a brewing firm adulterated their beer.

THE September report of the bureau of industries of Ontario shows that throughout the western part of that province the harvest season "was an unusually long and tedious one." The crops throughout the province are not so good as in preceeding years.

THE board of audit to pass upon the claims growing out of the last illness and burial of President Garfield has received the bill of Dr. D. S. Lamb, for holding the autopsy at Elberon, amounting to $1,000. Dr. Agnew having presented his claim, Dr. Hamilton is the only one of the physicians who has not been heard from.

CHARLES A. LEE, recently reported to have been drowned while bathing near Providence, is now said to have "personated another and an older man before a life insurance agent, and to have been insured for $5,000 under the name of Harry O'Neil. O'Neil died and the agent has discovered the fraud. Lee is supposed to be in Pennsylvania."

CHICAGO police justices are accused of protecting criminals by changing the charges against them from something serious to comparatively trival, so as to inflict light sentences and thereby save them from jury trials. In one day, three men were arraigned before as many justices, one for horse stealing, one for highway robbery, and one for forgery, and in each case the accusation was changed to disorderly conduct, involving merely a fine of $5 to $50.

# Poetry.

### THE LITTLE BRIDGE.

They parted on the Little Bridge
Which spans the running water,
The bright-eyed youth with fluent tongue,
And she—the yoeman's daughter.

A few fond words—a stolen kiss,
A little golden trinket,
'Twas a'l—but that : is heart could change
She did not dare to think it.

He journeyed to bright southern lands
Where tropic skies bend o'er him,
And wooed blind Fortune till she cast
A shower of gold before him.

Then Fame took up her trumpet, tuned
To sound his praise in story,
For much that to his life belonged
Was what the world calls glory.

A ribbon marked his high degree,
His name has added letters,
And not on him was any sign
Of life's more galling fetters.

The maiden's path lay toward the north;
She toiled for daily guerdon,
And meekly bore her low estate,
Nor felt her task a burden,

Till "hope deferred" her spirit broke,
And thorns seemed springing round her,
And thoughts that once were purest joy
Had only power to wound her.

A poor old maid with fading cheek
Toils on from early morning,
With scanty thanks and little praise,
And oft times heartless scorning.

And yet sometimes she sees the Bridge,
And hears the river flowing,
When memory lifts the shroud of years,
The dead past calmly showing.

And sometimes he in idle mood,
'Mid si'ence all unbroken,
Just wonders if the Bridge still stands
Where their last words were spoken.

*

The Little Bridge still lightly spans
The rippling, running water;
But no bridge spans the gulf 'twixt him
And her—the yeoman's daughter!

—Adown her brainless forehead hangs
A dollar's worth of golden bangs;
Her big blue eyes, which open rare,
Gaze at you with a glassy stare;
Her funnny nose, too small to smell,
Of very little scents doth tell;
Her pouting rosebud lips scarce hide
The rows of pearls and gum inside.
Her blooming cheeks would tempt a saint
To write on them "Look out *for* paint."
Her waxen arms and shoulders bare
Display sweet dimples made with care;
Her perfect form so plump and round
Is stuffed with cotton by the pound;
Her dainty little fairy's feet
Might walk, but never on a street;
Her taper snowy fingers show
They cannot sweep or even sew.
Sometimes she'll let a favored chap
Hold her for hours upon his lap
And squeeze her—then she'll only squeak
"Mama!" for dolls, you know, can't speak.
—H. C. Dodge, *in Hawkeye.*

—A dandy who dressed in the height of style
Being late for the train one day,
Thought to shorten his route by cutting across
A corn-field that lay in his way.
But the corn grew so high he was very near lost;
So he stood like a statue awhile;
And the way the black crows scampered off
from that corn
Was enough to make any one smile.
Quoth the farmer next day: "Let me thank
you, kind sir."
"Thanks for what? I'd much like to know."
"Why, when so forlorn in a field of high corn,
You make the best kind of scare crow."

# Our Story Teller.

### A Serious Mistake.

"And this, I suppose, is the village school-house," said Moreau, as, emerging from the deep gloom of the Adirondack woods, he stood in the little cleared space, where the grass was as close and fine as velvet, the scent of white clover filled the air, and a small one-storied house, painted the dull color which would now be called "Venetian red," nestled beneath the boughs of a monster black walnut tree. "Only there's no village worth mentioning, unless you choose to call the stage-station one. Upon the whole, this portion of the world seems to be still in its primitive condition."

Mr. Moreau had been fishing all day. His creel was well filled; his lunch-basket empty; his India-rubber boots besplashed with mud; countenance bronzed with a fine, healthy sunburn. He was tired out, with joints aching, nose blistered, face swollen with the unintermitting attacks of the black flies and mosquitoes. And yet he called this "capital sport!"

"Hello, you, sir!" said Moreau, to a sly, white-headed little urchin, who was coming down the hill with a pail. "What's in that pail?"

"Nothin,' sir," was the answer.

"What are you doing with it?"

"Goin' after water."

"Is there a spring hereabouts?"

"Yes, sir."

Moreau nodded his head.

"Good!" said he. "Show me where it is, and I'll give you a penny."

The little lad, nothing loth, ran lightly on in advance, until he reached the spot, beneath a huge, gray rock, where a tiny stream of water bubbled into a rude stone basin, worn by its continued drip.

"Here it is, mister," said he; "and here's a gourd-shell to drink outen."

And Mr. Moreau drank a deep, long draught.

"Sweet as champagne," he said, "and colder than ice!"

And he flung the penny to the expectant lad, who, having secured his largess, speedily filled his pail and trudged up the hill once more.

"Johnny! Johnny! what keeps you so long?"

It was a sweet, bell-like voice, and Moreau listened to it with a sort of dreamy satisfaction, as he lay there among the ferns, staring up at the sky.

"The schoolma'am, in all probability," he said to himself and turned half-way around, among the golden "hart's-tongues," to see what kind of a female she was.

Round, and dimpled, and rosy, with hair like braided sunshine, big blue eyes, and cheeks pinker than wild-roses even now scattering their petals over her face. Mark raised himself on his elbow.

"She's a beauty," he said, half aloud—"a wild-flower of the wilderness. And not a bit like the ideal district school-teacher. I'll get acquainted with that girl, or I'll know the reason why!"

He left his creel and rod among the grass and wild-flowers, by the clear little spring, and walked slowly up the steep path.

The beauty in the pink calico dress did not turn and flee, as he had half suspected she would, but stood awaiting him, with calm composure worthy of a city belle.

"Pardon me," said Mr. Moreau, inventing the first flagrant lie that he could think of, "but I am one of the trustees of the Andover district!"

The schoolma'am courtesied prettily.

"I'm deeply interested in elementary education," he went on, "and—"

"I am so sorry," said the pretty girl, "but it is past three o'clock, and I am just going to dismiss the children. Perhaps you would call tomorrow, if you are staying in this neighborhood?"

"Oh, certainly!" said Mr. Moreau, with a vague idea that he was being baffled by the dimpled, daisy faced thing, who could not have been a day over eighteen—"certainly! Perhaps you are walking down in the direction of the hotel?"

"No," said the blonde, calmly—"I go up toward Deems' Lake."

Baffled again. But Mr. Mark Moreau allowed no cloud to dim the bland brightness of his vizage.

"Ah!" said he. "Then I will bid you good-by, hoping that I may have the pleasure of meeting you again."

The pretty schoolma'am smiled, colored and courtesied once again, and then shut the school house door.

Mr. Moreau walked composedly down the hill.

'She is a little jewel," he said to himself; "and she knows her value. I'll find out who she is. Upon my word, I haven't seen such a face in a year. I should like to paint her as Hebe, peeping out from a bower of roses; or Persephone, with both arms full of flowers. I've always fancied the idea of a wife who should differ from the rank and file of smiling, simpering, fashionable women. She's a little disposed to keep me at arm's length, but I don't like her the less for that!"

Once under the shelter of the little inn—a long, straggling, stout building, which might have been a fortress, or might have been a grist-mill—he casually alluded to his day's adventure, as he sat over his boiled ham and eggs, weak coffee, and freshly-fried crullers.

"Oh, by the way, 'Squire," said he to his landlord (up in the Adirondacks all landlords are "squires," and so is everybody else), "I came across your district school house today."

"Did ye, though?" said the tavern keeper. "Wal now, ain't that kind o' cur'us? Why, it's kep'—the district school—by my niece, Ketury Spikes!"

"Keturah Spikes?" repeated Mr. Moreau, rather taken aback.

Somehow he had associated some very different nomenclature with the fair one with the golden locks. "Keturah" did not seem to suit her at all.

"Yes, Ketury Spikes," said mine host. "Named after an aunt as was expected to leave her money, but didn't. Pretty smart gal, though, Ketury. Don't need no legacy to boost her along."

"I should think not," remarked Mr. Moreau.

"Got a history, Ketury has," went on the landlord, whose name was Lemuel Stiles.

"Indeed!"

"Disappointed!" said Mr. Stiles. "Engaged to be married. Young man give leg-bail and enlisted, and went to Florida to fight the Indians. And Ketury she made a vow."

"Never to marry?" asked Moreau, quickly.

"No, to marry the first identikcle chap as axed her," retorted Mr. Stiles with a grin. "Our gals up here in the Adirondacks is plucky they is. But somehow Ketury never got the chance. Fellers is scare in these parts, you see." You ain't a marrying man, be ye, stranger?" with a sudden speculative gleam in his dull eyes.

Moreau smiled.

"I might be," said he. "If you would kindly give me a letter of introduction to Miss Spikes, I believe I will try my luck with her. For, to speak the truth, I was exceedingly pleased with what little I saw of her this morning."

"Sartin I will!" said Mr. Lemuel Stiles. "And I'll tell you what, stranger, there ain't many gals like my niece, Keturah."

As Mark Moreau sat before the big fire of logs, which the chilliness of the September evening rendered not uncomfortable, he smiled to himself with a Mephistophelian satisfaction.

"At all events," he thought, "this will open the way to a pleasant little flirtation. And if worse comes to worse, I can but follow the example of the Florida volunteer."

All that evening, Mr. Lemuel Stiles, who, according to his own frank admission, was "no scholard," wrestled with a sheet of paper, a musty ink bottle, and a stump of a pen, and at ten o'clock produced the following document, not without a certain grave triumph:

"Neece Kiroorah, this is to interduce mr. mark maro, who Wants a Wife and you want a Husband and thare's a pare of you. From your afectionete Uncle to comand,

"L. Stiles."

"I guess that there'll do the business," said Mr. Stiles, with unpardonable pride, as he smeared out a blot from the loop of the L with his coat-cuff.

Mark Moreau glanced over it rather dubiously.

"If she wasn't such a little beauty," he thought, "this would seem rather a Quixotic enterprise. But those sapphire-blue eyes would light a man over the very Tarpeian cliff!"

And the next morning he proceeded straight to the school-house.

"Bub!" he said, to a red-haired boy, who was snuffling his feet outside the door, "is Miss Spikes within?"

"Just come in," said the boy. "School ain't in yet. Wants six minutes o' nine yet."

"Give her this slip of paper, please," said our hero, "and tell her I am waiting outside."

Half a minute later, there was a rush like that of a buffalo, and a tall, lean female, with a scanty knot of fox-colored hair screwed on the top of her head, watery blue eyes, high cheek-bones, and badly fitting false teeth, flung herself on his shoulder, *a la* provincial theatres.

"When I seen you go by the tavern yesterday, I felt you was my counterpart!" sighed this gentle gazelle, with a strong scent of fried onions in her breath: "but little did I dream as you was so near me in soul. I was a-settin' on the back door step when you went a-past. I had the face-ache, and Fanny Doral she took charge of the school for me yesterday."

"Fanny Doral!" This, then was the name of the gold-tressed divinity who had taken his heart by storm. There was a misapprehension all around, and Mark Moreau made haste to disengage himself from Keturah Spikes' clinging arms.

"There is some mistake," said he, hurriedly.

"No, there ain't," said Miss Spikes.

"I supposed this letter was addressed to Fanny Dorel," he pleaded.

"It says Keturah Spikes plain enough, don't it?" said the lady, with gathering clouds upon her brow.

"My dear Miss—" he began.

"Call me Keturah," she smiled.

"I see that I am intruding on the business part of your day," he urged.

"School teachin' ain't nothin' when the tenderest feelin's of the heart is concerned," murmured the tall woman.

"Business is business," reasoned our hero, artfully; "And I shall see you this evening at your uncle's house. Until then, *au revoir!*"

The school-bell clanged—Mr. Moreau hurried away. Miss Spikes returned with a softly-palpitating heart to her books and slates—Minerva succeeded Cupid—and our hero plunged into the woods, wiping his reeking brow.

"Good Jupiter!" he muttered to himself; "does that Gorgon believe that there is a man in the United States mad enough to marry her?"

Miss Spikes "let out school" early that day, and hurried to the tavern without loss of time.

"Where's Mr. Moreau?" she breathlessly demanded of her uncle.

"Gone," said Mr. Lemuel Stiles—"bag and baggage, horse and foot Sent for his traps at eleven o'clock, and took the southward-bound train."

Miss Keturah wrung her hands.

"Oh, dear! oh, dear!" she gasped; "why did I ever lose sight of him?"

"Keturah," said her uncle, severely, "that's the third husband you've let slip! I begin to think it's all your bad management. And this was a dreadful likely man too."

As for Mr. Mark Moreau, he scarcely dared to breathe freely until he was on the Lake Champlain steamer.

He had merely intended to amuse himself by a little flirtation with a woodland beauty; but the matter had become decidedly serious.

And perhaps he needed the lesson. Flirting young men sometimes do need lessons.—*Ruth Ransom.*

### Copy that Baffled the Printer.

Chester Dewey, of Brooklyn, is unfortunately afflicted with pen paralyses. A page of his manuscript bears the closest possible resemblance to a Chinese laundry washing receipt. In all probability his writing has caused more compositors to say their prayers aloud backward than that of any man now living.

On one occasion a strange "sub" struck a "take" of Dewey's copy. It was the commencement of a most excellent article on the fisheries.

The first line read: "Bre.—The Queen's speech makes no mention of the fisheries."

The sub immediately inquired for the italic case. Inquiry elicited the fact that he intended to "set up" the "queen" as "*Times.*"

At last he got started, finished his take, put on his coat and vanished.

His proof read *verbatim et literatim* as follows:

"But (Bre.) the Queen's speech makes no mention of the Feiching; I can't read Chinese. The man who wrote this was evidently laboring under an attack of alcoholism. I have turned this copy upside down, t'other side up, and every which way, and one way it is Greek or hieroglyphics from Cleopatra's needle. Before I would try to yank antimony from this manuscript I would steal a jack-knife and whittle shoe pegs at two cents a quart. If you are after reputation, for heaven's sake stick where you are. As for me, I go I know not where,"

A western man a while ago eloped with his mother-in-law. Not that he had any fancy for the woman. But she had said that he was the worst husband on earth, and he wanted the world to see that she really didn't think so.

### Breaking in the Boys.

After receiving the appointment, each candidate is sent from the war department a synopsis of what will be required of him at the academy, together with a list of the books he will use upon being admitted. This list, to many, is "frightful to contemplate;" but it does not deter the candidate, and in the middle of June something like 120 young men, dreaming of soldier life and its attendant glory, report at the post adjutant's office at West Point. In a little room situated in the west end of the room await a cadet captain and four cadet corporals. The corporals are third-class men, and in cadet parlance have just "shed their pleb skins," and feel in due proportion the importance born of a little brief authority. The luckless candidate knocks at the door of this official sanctum, and, hearing a gruff "Come in," opens it. Instanter every cadet jumps to his feet, and yells, "How dare you, sir, come into our presence with your hat on? Go out and take it off directly sir!" The candidate meekly obeys, goes out, removes his hat, re-enters, this time probably without knocking, when he is again ordered out with more abuse than before. When he finally succeeds in entering in a manner satisfactory to his tormentors, he is told to fix his eye on a nail in the wall and to answer all questions put to him. Upon being asked his name, he in all probability responds Charles Lawrence or Richard Nelson, as the case may be, when another storm from the "yearling" corporals warns him that another mistake is made. "Have you no respect for yourself? If you have, just put a 'mister' before that name, and to show your respect for us, put a 'sir' after it. Now, then, what's your name?" "Mr. Richard Nelson, sir." "That's right; now remember that, from this time until next June, you are 'Mr. Richard Nelson, sir,' to all upper classmen." This farce is gone through with every candidate. This is a mild form of hazing and the questions asked and the answers required are as old as the academy itself.

The candidates, or "beasts," as the glossary of the point designates the new cadet before admission remain quartered in barracks until their preliminary examinations are over. These examinations occupy three days, and at the end of that time the "beasts" are informed of the result, and those who have passed successfully are sized, assigned to companies, and marched into camp.

Arrived in camp, the new cadets, who have now changed from "beasts" to "plebs," are generally met by the yearling class, armed with brooms, who present arms with mock solemnity as the plebs march by.

The new class is now divided into squads of six men each and put under the charge of the cadet corporals to be initiated into the pleasures of the "setting up" drill. This consists of four exercises, the object of which is to straighten the body. The terrors of this drill cannot be exaggerated. A corporal will frequently march his squad to a secluded place, and there give the command, "Continue the motion, second exercise!" At this command the squad raise their hands over their heads, and, bending the body at the waist, endeavor to touch the ground without bending the knee. The command, "continue the motion," means that the exercise is to be gone through with time after time, without rest, until it suits the convenience of the corporal in charge to give the command to cease. A case is known where one cadet went through the second exercise 280 times without cessation. This is a species of "legitimate hazing" that may seem cruel, but the cadet thinks it is really the only course to pursue, inasmuch as, if a pleb is treated too well, he will grow lax in his attention; whereas, if he is treated harshly, his every nerve will be strained to do right and thus shorten the agony.

Hazing proper is performed by the members of the yearling class who were not fortunate enough to obtain chevrons, but who constitute themselves a committee of the whole to see that the pleb's life is made miserable. Most of this hazing is carried on in the sink, which being underground, affords security to the hazer. Here the plebs are treated to a "glimpse of Niagara Falls," which consists of standing them on their heads and allowing two streams of cold water from hydrants to run up their trousers legs, are taught how to "climb up Zion's hill" to slow music, which is simply trying to walk up the wall to any tune that the pleb happens to know, are required to crow, to recite the alphabet "with appropriate gestures," and, in short, to do anything and everything that a human or inhuman brain can devise to make a man appear ridiculous. A refusal on the part of the victim invariably leads to a fight, in which the pleb always gets worsted.

### The Ambitious Right.

"No, this town has never recovered from the war," said the Virginian, as he crossed his legs and looked up and down the deserted streets.

"Was it burned?"

"No."

"Was any of its people killed off?"

"No."

"Have any great manufacturing establishments been removed?"

"We never had any to remove."

"Any epidemic frightened the people away?"

"Not as I know of."

"Then why is it that this town never recovered from the war?"

"Well some lay it to this and some to that, but it's my opinion that what ails this town is the fact that a man will come from New York and peck around and ask questions and want to know all about everything and everybody, and never ask a leading citizen if he is dry. I tell you such a line of policy, if pursued for ten or fifteen years, takes the ambition right out of men."

### Advice to a Boy.

You wish to become famous and to be known as Billy, the terror of Kenosha, or the Boy Avenger. Now this is not practicable outside of books. You have read of boys becoming blood-thirsty villains in velvet pants and top boots in marvelously short time, but as a rule boys who start out to duplicate those yellow-covered fellows bring up in some isolated jail, and instead of yellow pants they are adorned with ragged overalls with the vitals worn out, sitting around in lonely places waiting for the maiden to come and fall in love with them, as they do in books.

But I have found a way for you to satisfy your long-cherished desires. I want you to arm yourself with a double-edged grammar and a self-cocking arithmetic and skulk down to the school house bright and early Monday.

When school calls conceal yourself behind your book, and whenever you see an opportunity jump into a difficult problem and probe it through and through. After you have to all appearances mastered it turn it upside down and make it prove itself. By the time you have followed this up a couple of months you will begin to receive some of the notoriety you crave, and will be looked upon as the Startler, or the Boy Mathematician. By the end of the term you will be pointed out to admiring spectators as the double entry wonder of the seventh ward school.

You think now that this will satisfy you, but it will not. On the contrary it will spur you on to still greater achievements. An uncontrolable desire to graduate will then take possession of you, and before you realize it you will be standing before a hall full of people, with a valedictory in one hand and a cold sweat in the other, trying to carry off the honors of commencement day.

Thus you go on step by step until your friends would hardly recognize the little Willie Brown, of to-day, in the red-headed Professor of Poughkeepsie, who will be teaching a dead language with one hand, while he pulls an astronomical constellation to pieces with the other twenty years from now.

Of course you will live longer than if you had become famous as the dashing highwayman of Oconomowoc, but you will die in good time, full of years and gout, and the great dailies will devote half a column under some gilt edge tonic advertisement to your obituary notice, and some enterprising cigars manufacturer will name a brand of cigars after you, and you will be mourned as the bald-headed philosopher of the nineteenth century. There, that is all, this time. Now run out and tie this can to the tail of that liver-colored dog that we shut up in the smoke-house this morning, and turn him down this street by the sitting room window while I get on my specs and see if it affects a dog the same as it did fifty years ago.

### Why the Rev. Mulkittle Laughed.

"Is this the Rev. Mr. Mulkittle?" said a kind of out-of-reason man, entering the library of a well known Little Rock minister.

"Yes, sir; have a seat."

"I have come to transact a piece of business which to the world may seem ridiculous, but which viewed from a spiritual eminence, is of importance."

"What is it?"

"I want you to love me."

"Love you?" gasped the good man, regarding the petitioner and inwardly vowing that he had never before met a more repulsive human being.

"Yes, sir, I want you to love me," and he sat down and closed his eyes as though he intended to wait the announcement of the decision. "The command is to love one another. I confess that I love you," and opening his eyes he jeered at the preacher.

"Well, sir," said the minister, "your demand after all is simple. I suppose that you have been lost for many years, and have just tasted grace, and that you especially want the love of ministers. Yes, I love you."

"Thank you. Now, when we love any one we are willing to help him. Gimme a dollar, sir; gimme a dollar. Out of the love you bear me, gimme the dollar."

The minister arose, took down a box and handed the visitor a dollar. "Good by. I hope you will always love me," and the lover was gone.

"How did you make it?" asked a rough looking man, when they reached a street corner not far away.

"Fine. Never met but one preacher that got away with me, and he was an old Baptist that insisted upon ducking me into the river before he could love me. Preachers like something odd. This old style of striking them is repealed."

"Let me see the money."

"Here she is; a new dollar. Let's go and take something."

"I guess not. The thing is counterfeit."

It was a vile imitation, and the two thieves looked at each other in silence. The minister poked his head over the fence and laughed. The dollar had come to him in a contribution box.

There is a noble coal-mine owner in London who has had his coronet put on his coal-carts. We knew it would come to this when her most gracious majesty, Mrs. G., consented to farm out the royal arms to decorate chow chow bottles.

A woman at Elgin, Ill., preferred a pair of diamond earrings to a trip around the world. She could read up on the trip and lie about it, but the diamonds would have to be shown to prove a claim.

### General Spinner's Sea-Sight.

General Spinner, the hero that used to sign the treasury notes, sends the following descriptive letter of a fight among sea monsters on the coast of Florida, on South Beach, below Mayport: "Early yesterday morning, as I went for my usual surf bath accompanied by my daughter, Mrs. Schnmacher, we witnessed what has probably seldom been seen. The ocean was unusually placid but a strange commotion in the surf was noticed. On nearing the shore it was seen that a fierce battle was raging between two schools of fishes, one of sharks and the other of saw-fish. It was high tide and the water was quite shallow, so that the caudal and dorsal fins of both these kinds of sea monsters were constantly seen above the water. The onslaught of each of the combatants, of which from sixteen to twenty were in view, was fierce and terrific. A disabled saw-fish was stranded. I waded into him and with the edge of a piece of floor board gave him the coup de grace. He measured nearly fifteen feet and carried a sword saw three and a half feet long, with over fifty teeth on its margin. It was found that one of the sharks had bitten a piece out of his side equal to a foot square, through which his bowels protruded. "At one time it looked as if another pair of the combatants would be stranded, for in their struggle they came so near the shore that they touched bottom all the time, but they finally managed to join their companions in deep water, and after fifteen minutes all the belligerents disappeared, to the great relief of those who cared more for sea bathing than for seeing the terrific fights of sea monsters. My daughter will carry the saw of the captured fish to her home as a memento and trophy of the great conflict and for an addition to her cabinet of ocean curiosities."

### Seating the Apostle.

In the wild Western neighborhood the sound of a church-going bell had never been heard; notice was given that the Rev. Mr. A——, a distinguished Presbyterian divine would preach on a certain day.

The natives who consisted of those hardy pioneers who have preceded civilization came to hear him. They had an indistinct idea that "preaching" was something to be heard, and all attended to hear it.

After the service was begun a raw boned hunter, with a rifle in hand, and all the acoutrements of the chase about him, entered and took the only vacant seat—a nail keg without either head. The current thoughts of the preacher lead him to a description of Heaven and its inhabitants. With great power he had drawn a picture of the habitation of the blessed, and was assigning each of the patriarchs, apostles and prophets his appropriate place. His Calvinistic tendencies led him to reserve the Apostle Paul for his climactic. With his eye fixed upon the highest point and with upward gesture that seemed to be directed to the loftiest altitude of the heavenly place, he said:

"And where, my brethren, shall we seat the great Apostle of the Gentiles? Where, I say, shall we place the Apostle Paul?"

Then pausing to give the imagination time to reach the elevation designed for the Apostle, he fixed his eyes upon our hero of the rifle, He, therefore thinking the address personal, rose instantly and replied:

"If he can do no better he can take my seat."

It is needless to say, that climax was never reached.

### Queer Church Scene.

There was the queerest scene at one of the churches on a recent Sunday, says the Milwaukee *Sun*. It seems that during the vacation the seats had been newly varnished, and somehow the varnish was not right, as it was terribly sticky. You know when you pull anything off of sticky varnish that it cracks. Well, the audience had all got seated, when the minister got up to give out the hymn, and as the basement of his trousers let loose of the varnished chair there was a noise like killing a fly on the wall with a palm leaf fan. The minister looked around at the chair to see if he was all present, and that no guilty man's pants had escaped, and read the hymn. The choir rose with a sound of revelry, and after the tenor had swallowed a lozenger and the bass had coughed up a piece of frog, and the alto had hemmed and the soprano had shook out her polonaise to see if the varnish had showed on the south side, the audience began to rise. One or two deacons got up first, with sounds like picket firing in the distance on the eve of battle; and then a few more got up, and the rattling of the unyielding varnish sounded as though the fight was becoming more animated, and then the whole audience got on its feet at once with a sound of rattling musketry. The choir sang "Hold the Fort." When the orchestra had concluded the people sat down gingerly, the services were short, and all went home praying for the man who painted the seats.

The Independent Ice Company of Washington sent in a bill of $1516.-92 to the Garfield Claims Committee. The company is certainly both independent and cool enough to make its name no misnomer.

They don't have rains out west. A cloud just saunters up and examines a town and then collapses just over it. Nobody escapes but the newspaper reporters and the book agents.

*Miscellaneous.*


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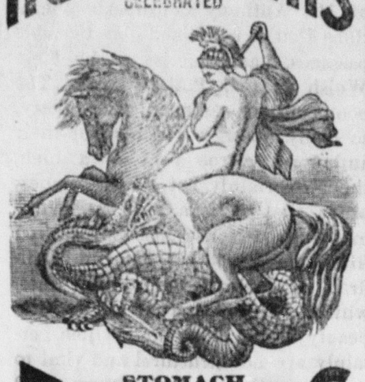

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**Greatest Things on Earth.**

The biggest trees in the world are the mammoth trees of California. One of a grove in Tulare county, according to a measurement made by members of the state geological survey, was shown to be 276 feet high, 106 feet in circumference at the base, and 76 feet at a point 12 feet above the ground. Some of the trees are 376 feet high and 34 feet in diameter. Some of the largest trees that have been felled indicate an age of from 2,000 to 2,500 years.

The biggest cavern is the Mammoth Cave, in Edmondson county, Ky. It is near Green river, six miles from Cave City, and about twenty-eight miles from Bowling Green. The cave consists of a succession of irregular chambers, some of which are large, situated on different levels. Some of these are traversed by navigable branches of the subterranean Echo river. Blind fish are found in its waters.

The largest tunnel in the world is that of St. Gothard, on the line of railroad between Lucerne and Milan. The summit of the tunnel is 990 feet below the surface at Audermatt, and 6,600 feet beneath the peak of Kastelhorn, of the St. Gothard group. The tunnel is 26½ feet wide, and 19 feet 10 inches from the floor to the crown of the arched roof. It is 9½ miles longer than the Mt. Cenis tunnel.

The largest university is Oxford, in England, in the city of the same name, fifty-five miles from London. It consists of twenty-one colleges and five halls. Oxford was a seat of learning as early as the time of Edward the Confessor. University college claims to have been founded by Alfred.

The most extensive park is Deer Park, in the environs of Copenhagen, Denmark. The inclosure contains about 4,200 acres, and is divided by a small river. The largest pleasure ground in this country, and one of the largest in the world, is Fairmount Park, Philadelphia, which contains 2,740 acres.

The largest body of fresh water on the globe is Lake Superior—400 miles long, 160 miles wide at its greatest breadth, and having an area of 32,000 square miles. Its mean is said to be 160, and its greatest depth about 200 hundred fathom. Its surface is about 635 feet above the level of the sea.

The largest ship in the world is the Great Eastern. She is 680 feet long, 83 feet broad and 60 feet deep, being 22,927 tons burden, 18,915 gross, and 13,344 net register. She was built at Millwall, on the Thames, and was launched January 31, 1857.

The longest span of wire in the world is used for a telegraph in India, over the river Kistnah, between Bezorah and Sectanagrund. It is more than 6,000 feet long, and is stretched between two hills, each of which is 1,200 feet high.

The loftiest active volcano is Popocatapetel—"smoking mountain"—thirty-five miles southwest of Pueblo, Mexico. It is 17,784 feet above the sea level, and has a crater three miles in circumference and 1,000 feet deep.

The largest island in the world, which is also regarded as a continent, is Australia. It is 2,500 miles in length from east to west, and measures 1,950 miles from north to south. Its area is 2,984,287 square miles.

The largest suspension bridge will be the one now building between New York and Brooklyn. The length of the main span is 1,596 feet 6 inches; the entire length of the bridge, 5,989 feet.

The largest theatre is the new opera house in Paris. It covers nearly three acres of ground. Its cubic mass is 5,289,000 feet. It cost about 100,000,000 francs.

The loftiest mountain is Mount Everest or Guarisanker, of the Himalaya range, having an elevation of 29,002 feet above the sea level.

The hightest range of mountains is the Himalayas, the mean elevation being estimated at from 16,000 to 18,000 feet.

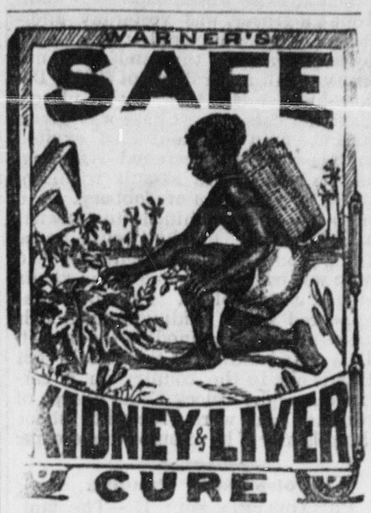
**Another Splendid Depot.**

The Pennsylvania railroad company has determined to erect a new and handsome depot at Baltimore on the site of their present station in the northern part of the city.

Plans have been prepared and submitted to the chief engineer at Philadelphia for approval. In a short time work will be commenced, and the building it is estimated, will cost nearly $1,000,000, and be equal in architectural design, thoroughness of equipment and superiority of workmanship to any depot in the country. The main building and train-sheds will cover a couple of large blocks of ground. The principal entrance will be from Charles street, and all the waiting rooms and ticket-offices on the floor entered from the street. A broad staircase, as well as passenger and freight elevators, will run to the ground floor, or train entrance, as the tracks are about thirty feet beneath the streets of the city. Since the Pennsylvania has secured possession of the Philadelphia, Wilmington & Baltimore railroad their business here has enormously increased, and now 110 passenger trains pass through their union station daily, running east, west, north, and south. The present depot facilities are very inadequate for the accomodation of the increased travel, but the new station will be large enough to meet all the demands for years to come.

The wages of sin are not paid in trade dollars. Old Nick(l) pay them in his own coin.

*Medical.*


Disease is an effect, not a cause. Its origin is within; its manifestations are without. Hence, to cure the disease the Cause must be removed, and in no other way can a cure be effected. WARNER'S SAFE KIDNEY AND LIVER CURE is established on just principles. It realizes that

95 Per Cent.

of all diseases arise from deranged kidneys and liver, and it strikes at once at the root of the difficulty. The elements of which it is composed act directly upon these great organs, both as a *food* and *restorer*, and by placing them in a healthy condition, drive disease and pain from the system.

For the innumerable troubles caused by unhealthy Kidneys, Liver and Urinary Organs; for the distressing Disorders of Women; for Malaria, and for physical derangements generally, this great remedy has no equal. Beware of imposters, imitations and concoctions said to be just as good.

For Diabetes, ask for WARNER'S SAFE DIABETES CURE. For sale by all dealers.

H. H. WARNER & CO.,
Rochester, N. Y.

Know

That BROWN'S IRON BITTERS will cure the worst case of dyspepsia.

Will insure a hearty appetite and increased digestion.

Cures general debility, and gives a new lease of life.

Dispels nervous depression and low spirits.

Restores an exhausted nursing mother to full strength and gives abundant sustenance for her child.

Strengthens the muscles and nerves, enriches the blood.

Overcomes weakness, wakefulness, and lack of energy

Keeps off all chills, fevers, and other malarial poison.

Will infuse with new life the weakest invalid.

37 Walker St., Baltimore, Dec. 1881.
For six years I have been a great sufferer from Blood Disease, Dyspepsia, and Constipation, and became so debilitated that I could not retain anything on my stomach, in fact, life had almost become a burden. Finally, when hope had almost left me, my husband seeing BROWN'S IRON BITTERS advertised in the paper, induced me to give it a trial. I am now taking the third bottle and have not felt so well in six years as I do at the present time.
MRS. L. F. GRIFFIN.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS will have a better tonic effect upon any one who needs "bracing up," than any medicine made.

There is no excuse for suffering from
CONSTIPATION
and other diseases that follow a disordered state of the Stomach and Bowels, when the use of
DR. HENRY BAXTER'S
MANDRAKE BITTERS
Will give immediate relief.
After constipation follows
Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Diseases of the Kidneys, Torpid Liver Rheumatism, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Apoplexy, Palpitations, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, etc., all of which these Bitters will speedily cure by removing the *cause*. Keep the *Stomach, Bowels, and Digestive Organs in good working order, and* **perfect health** will be the result. **Ladies** and others subject to **Sick Headache** will find relief and permanent cure by the use of these Bitters Being **tonic** and **mildly purgative** they
PURIFY THE BLOOD.
Price 25 cts. per bottle.
For sale by all dealers in medicine. Send address for pamphlet, free, giving full directions.
HENRY, JOHNSON & LORD, Props., Burlington, Vt.


*Wilson & McFarlane--Hardware.*


HARDWARE,

STOVES.

WILSON, M'FARLANE & CO.

Have for sale in HEATING STOVES,

THE CROWNING GLORY

OF BASE BURNERS.

This Stove is well named. It has a Diving Flue in front, making it a Front Heater.

Immense Radiating Surface.

ALSO,

FORT ORANGE AND EASTLAKE.

We would call your attention to

The Welcome Home Heaters,

DOUBLE AND SINGLE.

Beautifully finished in Nickel. Our line of COOK STOVES and RANGES is complete.

CALL AND SEE US.

ESTEY ORGANS.

STRICTLY FIRST CLASS.

BEAUTIFUL IN TONE.

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST

Over 100,000 in use.

EASY TERMS GIVEN. NO AGENTS EMPLOYED.

Sold by BUNNELL & AIKENS,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

Parker's Hair Balsam,
*An elegant, agreeable Hair Dressing that*
Never Fails to Restore Gray or Faded Hair to its Youthful Color. 50c. and $1 sizes.

Floreston Cologne.
A NEW AND FASHIONABLE PERFUME, FRAGRANT, REFRESHING, LASTING. SOLD BY DEALERS IN PERFUMERY AT 25 AND 75 CENTS. HISCOX & CO., N.Y. GREAT SAVING IN BUYING THE 150. SIZE.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC
Ginger, Buchu, Mandrake, Stillingia and many of the best medicines known are combined in PARKER'S GINGER TONIC, into a medicine of such varied and effective powers, as to make it the Greatest Blood Purifier and Kidney Corrector and the
Best Health and Strength Restorer Ever Used.
It cures Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sleeplessness, and all diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Lungs, Liver, Urinary Organs, and all Female Complaints.
If you are wasting away with Consumption or any disease, use the TONIC to-day. It will surely help you.
Remember! This TONIC is the Best Family Medicine ever made, and is far superior to Bitters, Essences of Ginger and other Tonics, as it never Intoxicates, and cures Drunkenness. Any dealer in drugs can supply you—50c. and $1 sizes. None genuine without signature of HISCOX & Co., Chemists, N. Y.
LARGE SAVING IN BUYING THE DOLLAR SIZE.

Nets! Nets! Nets!
At SCHOFIELD'S,
*Spring Street, Bellefonte, Pa.*
I have on hand a large stock of Fly Nets, which, as the season is now far advanced, I will sell at a reduction of
25 PER CENT.
Great Bargains. Call Immediately.
14-30tf JAMES SCHOFIELD.

BARTRUFF'S
Is the place to go for
New Carriages, Buggies, Wagons
and to have old ones repaired

RAILROAD HOUSE,
Corner Front and Pine Street,
Philipsburg, Centre County, Pa.
*ROBERT LOYD, Proprietor.*
The best of liquors and cigars constantly on hand. The table is well supplied with the best the market affords 25ly


*Medical.*


Over 5000
Druggists
AND
Physicians
Have Signed or Endorsed the Following Remarkable Document:

Messrs. Seabury & Johnson, Manufacturing Chemists, 21 Platt St., New York:
Gentlemen:—For the past few years we have sold various brands of Porous Plasters. Physicians and the Public prefer Benson's Capcine Porous Plaster to all others. We consider them one of the very few reliable household remedies worthy of confidence. They are superior to all other Porous Plasters or Liniments for external use.

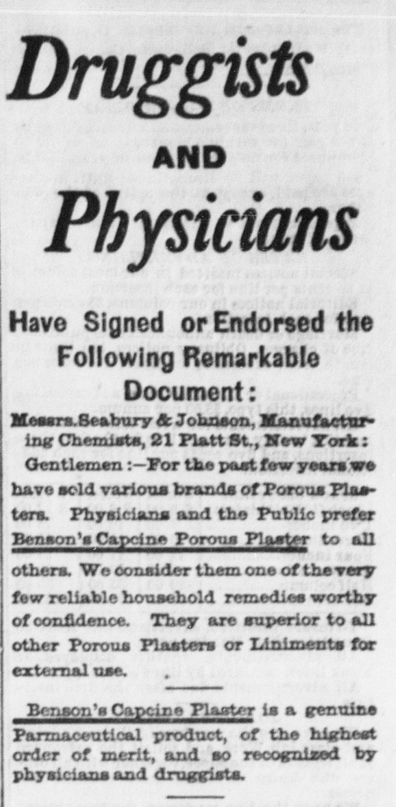
Benson's Capcine Plaster is a genuine Parmaceutical product, of the highest order of merit, and so recognized by physicians and druggists.

When other remedies fail get a Benson's Capcine Plaster.

You will be disappointed if you use cheap Plasters, Liniments, Pads or Electrical Magnetic toys.

A SURE REMEDY AT LAST. Price 25cts. MEAD'S Medicated CORN and BUNION PLASTER.

A MAN
WHO IS UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY WILL SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP THAT THE



CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC R'Y
By the central position of its line, connects the East and the West by the shortest route, and carries passengers, without change of cars, between Chicago and Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Leavenworth, Atchison, Minneapolis & St. Paul. It connects in Union Depots with all the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans. Its equipment is unrivaled and magnificent, being composed of Most Comfortable and Beautiful Day Coaches, Magnificent Horton Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman's Prettiest Palace Sleeping Cars, and the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. Three Trains between Chicago and Missouri River Points. Two Trains between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, via the Famous
"ALBERT LEA ROUTE."
A New and Direct Line, via Seneca and Kankakee, has recently been opened between Richmond, Norfolk, Newport News, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Augusta, Nashville, Louisville, Lexington, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Lafayette, and Omaha, Minneapolis and St. Paul and intermediate points.
All Through Passengers Travel on Fast Express Trains.
Tickets for sale at all principal Ticket Offices in the United States and Canada.
Baggage checked through and rates of fare always as low as competitors that offer less advantages.
For detailed information, get the Maps and Folders of the
GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE,
At your nearest Ticket Office, or address
R. R. CABLE, Vice-Pres. & Gen'l Man'r. E. ST. JOHN, Gen'l Tkt. & Pass. Agt.
CHICAGO.

QUEEN & CO.
THE GREAT OPTICIANS,
924 CHESTNUT STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.

SUPERIOR KNOWLEDGE,
SUPERIOR SKILL,
SUPERIOR LENSES and
SUPERIOR FACILITIES
For manufacturing, all combine to give our SPECTACLES and EYE-GLASSES a national reputation.
LOST SIGHT NEVER RETURNS.
Do not trifle with your eyes by taking UNSUITABLE GLASSES.
*Catalogues as follows sent on application:*—Part 1—Mathematical Instruments, 162 pages. Part 2—Optical Instruments, 186 pages. Part 3—Magic Lanterns, 112 pages. Part 4—Philosophical Instruments, 160 pages.
14-33-1y

A Great Cause of Human Mis ry
*Is the Loss of*
MANHOOD

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical Cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhœa, induced by Self Abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.
The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.
☞ *This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.*
Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps. Address,
THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL Co.,
41 Ann Street, New York, N. Y.
Post Office Box, 450. 14 4 1y

# Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania,

*TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:*

One year, in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
If not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

*RATES OF ADVERTISING:*

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free; exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

| SPACE OCCUPIED. | 3 mos. | 6 mos. | 1 year. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 inch (12 lin' this p'e) | $ 5 00 | $ 8 00 | $ 12 00 |
| Two inches | 7 00 | 10 00 | 15 00 |
| Three inches | 10 00 | 15 00 | 20 00 |
| Four inches | 11 00 | 17 00 | 25 00 |
| Quarter column | 12 00 | 20 00 | 30 00 |
| Half column | 20 00 | 35 00 | 55 00 |
| One column | 35 00 | 55 00 | 125 00 |

To insure insertion, advertisements MUST be in no later than Monday noon.

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

*JOB DEPARTMENT.*

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.


## LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

### Shooting at Creedmore.

CREEDMORE, September 14.—In the international match at 12.50 Sir Henry Holford called his men together and marshaled them in front of the dining tent, where the Americans were drawn in line, the Thirteenth Pensylvania forming a guard of honor. At a signal from a gun at exactly 1 o'clock, the teams, with their escort, marched to the 200 yards' range. A strong wind blowing is a bad omen for good scores. The attendance is light not one thousand people being on the grounds. At 1.30 p. m. the firing began, Hinds, of the American team, being the first to fire, and scoring a bull's-eye. Perry of the British team, followed with four.

The total at 200 yards is: British, 342; Americans, 331.

The total score at 500 yards is: British, 378; Americans, 369.

At the 600 yard range the Americans scored 343 and the British 344.

The totals at the three ranges are: British, 1,062; Americans, 1,043.

### Shot and Killed.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Sept. 14.—Sheriff Cate and Deputy Conway were shot and killed to-day while en route to Knoxville with John Taylor, convicted at the last term of court and sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary for killing Captain Fletcher. His case was appealed to the supreme court and was to have been heard at Knoxville to-day. Several men boarded the train about seventy-five miles from here and deliberately shot Cate and Conway dead and wounded another man. They then released the prisoner and took charge of the train, running it to Lenous station, where John Taylor and his brothers, Bob and Andy, got off and forcibly taking some horses fled to the mountains. John Taylor was wounded in the arm. Several posses have gone in pursuit.

### A Disaster on the Rail.

READING, Pa., Sept. 14.—While a freight train was passing below Mount Carbon this afternoon a heavy piece of timber became dislodged from a car and struck the smoking car of the 4.30 express, from Pottsville, which was passing at the time. Four seats were demolished. William Snyder, of Philadelphia, was wedged between a seat and the side of a car and could not be released until the timber was cut in two. His injuries will probably prove fatal. Wallace Yocum, a brakeman, of Reading, had his hip hurt, and Patrick Phillips, of Mount Carbon, sustained such severe injuries about the legs that amputation may be necessary. A man named Smith was also hurt.

### Grand Parade.

READING, Pa., Sept. 14.—It is estimated that not less than 12,000 strangers are in the city to-day, attracted here by the parade of the Odd Fellows of Pennsylvania. The procession moved at 1.30 o'clock with from 3,000 to 4,000 uniformed Odd Fellows in line. James B. Nicholson, of Philadelphia, was grand marshal, and C. B. Wells, of this city, chief marshal. Some fifty lodges from all sections of the state are represented by delegations of from 20 to 200 members. Philadelphia had over 1,000 members in line and Reading lodges paraded over 1,500 members. Music was furnished by some thirty bands. The festivities will conclude with addresses, dancing and concerts at Lauer's, Fairview and Central parks.

### Miss Bond.

TAYLORSVILLE, Ill., Sept. 14.—The death of Miss Bond, the victim of the recent assault, is daily expected, and the intense agony she suffers at times seems to keep the outrage fresh in the minds of the people. It took four men to hold her on Monday night. Each paroxysm renders her perfectly wild. Her death is looked forward to with apprehension, as it is feared it will inflame the thirst for summary vengeance.

### That Grand Victory.

TEL-EL KEBIR, Sept. 14.—Our loss is one hundred and fifty, including thirty killed. Eight officers are among the dead. All of Arabi's papers were seized here. Hundreds, of fugitives, including many officers, are surrendering.

General Wolseley has gone to Zagazig. The present estimate of the wounded is thirty-five seriously and one hundred and five slightly. General Wolseley telegraphs that he will push on to Cairo to-day by forced marches along the desert route.

ALEXANDRIA, Sept. 14.—It is reported here that Arabi has been captured. Negotiations for surrender are proceeding satisfactorily. The British will probably occupy Kafer-el-Duar to-morrow. It is stated that the surrender will be unconditional.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—Major General McPherson telegraphed from Zagazig to the war office that he made a forced march after the capture of Tel-el-Kebir, and occupied Zagazig at 4.14 yesterday afternoon. He seized five trains with their engines. The governor came in and surrendered to the British. People are submissive.

PORT SAID, Sept. 14.—The English advance guard have arrived at Cairo by rail. They were received enthusiastically. All personages of rank who are concerned in the rebellion have made submission.

LONDON, September 15.—The following was received from General Wolseley, dated Benha, September 15: "I have just arrived. General Lowe occupied Cairo yesterday afternoon. Arabi Pasha and Toulba Pasha surrendered unconditionally. Ten thousand troops at Cairo have laid down their arms. The prefect of police has undertaken to preserve order. I go on to Cairo to morrow."

One dispatch says Arabi was handed over to the English on their arrival at Cairo. Another dispatch says Arabi's house was surrounded by the Bengal cavalry.

ALEXANDRIA, September 15.—It is reported here that Arabi was arrested by the Egyptian police, charged with having incited the populace to incendiarism and plunder. The khedive will proceed to Cairo as soon as the road is open. All offers of submission must be made to the khedive, nominally, but by actual surrender to General Wolseley.

LONDON, September 15.—The following additional dispatch has been received from General Wolseley dated Sept. 15: Arabi Pasha and Toulba Pasha are both confined in our guard rooms. The war is over. Send no more men from England. I will now change my base from Ismailia to Alexandria. Health and spirits of troops excellent.

ALEXANDRIA, September 16.—Fort Aslan was surrendered at 11 o'clock this morning to General Wood in person. The commandment and twelve officers came forward to surrender. General Wood immediately inquired for the Italian naval lieutenant Paolucci, who was supposed to have espoused Arabi Pasha's cause. After some delay Paolucci was brought forward, wearing the uniform of an Egyptian officer. He was immediately placed under arrest. All the Egyptian soldiers who were at Mallaha have left that post and quit the army. The native troops have also disappeared from Kafr-el-Dwar. General Wood occupied that position and Mallaha at 1 o'clock this morning. The naval brigade, with their guns, have reembarked. Kurshid Pasha, commanding at Aboukir, has sent in a message announcing his readiness to surrender. The khedive has learned that the commander at Demietta refuses to surrender. He has five thousand black troops. Hassan Pasha Cheref, Arabi's minister of pious foundations, and Kiamil Pasha have been arrested in Alexandria. Mahmoud Pasha Baroudi has been arrested near Cairo.

The *Times*, in a leading article, says: "If the lives of Arabi Pasha and his immediate followers are spared these men must be, once for all, put out of the way of doing further harm. They cannot be permitted to retire to Constantinople to become the centre of impalpable intrigues. To restore the authority of the Khedive the army must be disbanded and replaced by gendermerie sufficient to maintain civil order. If troops are needed to defend the distant frontiers, it is sufficient to maintain them on the frontier and not keep them at Cairo."

### The Cashier's Flight.

BOSTON, September 15.—A special from New York says: It is reported at the office of the Central railroad of New Jersey that Dwight S. Lathrop, the assistant cashier, has absconded after appropriating forty thousand dollars of the company's money. His plan was to alter deposit tickets on his way to the bank and deduct the difference in money, at the same time falsifying the books to cover irregularities. He was appointed by the late Judge Lathrop, his uncle, who was then receiver. An investigation was begun recently, and a week ago a deficit of at least forty thousand dollars was discovered. Lathrop then disappeared accompanied by a woman who had been living on Staten Island.

### Nominated.

WEST BEND, Wis., Sept. 15.—The long fight in the democratic convention ended at noon by the nomination of D. H. Sumner, of Waukeesha, on the 1601st ballot. Mr. Deissner, a Bragg man, cast his own and one proxy vote for Sumner, making sixteen votes. Bragg's friends say he will run independent.

### Democrats in Nebraska.

OMAHA, September 14.—The democratic state convention met to-day and nominated J. Sterlin Morton for governor and a full state ticket.

### Badly Beaten.

CREEDMORE, Sept. 15.—Following is the score at 800 yards:

British Team—Heap, 10; Goodyear, 26; Boulton, 31; Parry, 25; Oliver, 21; Pearse, 29; Dods, 26; Beals, 24; McVittie, 26; Caldwell, 25; Humphrey, 21; Godsal, 29. Total of British at 800 yards, 293.

American Team—Hinds, 19; Ogden, 27; Alder, 27; Dolan, 16; Hinman, 19; Pollard, 23; Atkinson, 26; McNevin, 17; Paulding, 20; Howard, 19; Smith, 26; Shakespeare, 16; total, 253.

At the 900 yards range the score stood; British 313, Americans 271.

The scores at the 1,000 yards range were: British 307, Americans 236.

Grand total at all ranges: British 1975, Americans 1805.

Both teams met in General Molineaux's tent when the match was over. When all were seated Colbine arose and said, addressing Sir Henry Halford, that the contest had been conducted in a manly spirit. Although we were beaten now he hoped that next year we could send out a team that would retrieve our fallen fortunes. The captain of the British team replied. Sir Henry closed by complimenting his friend Colonel Bodine. The latter arising returned thanks for the courtesy and acknowledged the defeat of his team. After a few remarks by Judge Gildersleeve, General Molineaux proposed the health of Queen Victoria. Major Walrand responded. This closed the proceedings of the day.

### The Hillsdales Defeated.

LONDON, September 15.—The race between the Hillsdale crew, of Michigan, and the Thames rowing club was rowed on the Thames this afternoon. It was won by the Thames crew by two lengths. After leading for two miles the Hillsdales broke a slide, hence their defeat. Besides the slipping of a slide in the Hillsdale boat the rudder wire snapped as they approached Thorny Croft. At the time of the accident the Hillsdales were four lengths ahead and rowing easily, but the Thames four were coming up rapidly owing to the bad steering of the Americans. When the slide broke the Americans stopped rowing and the Thames boat shot ahead. The Americans followed leisurely.

### Burned to Death.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 15.—This afternoon while William Wiley and the porter of Charles E. Coffin & Co., whose oil establishment was burned yesterday, were engaged in tightening the hoops on barrels of oil in the cellar and were using a lantern to give them light, the oil suddenly exploded, enveloping Wiley in flames and burning him to death almost instantly. The porter, John Strathem, escaped by running, but was seriously injured. Wiley was 19 years old and had just left college. He was the son of Bishop Wiley, of the Methodist Episcopal church, and at the time of the accident was acting as clerk for Coffin & Co.

### An Independent Meeting.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 15.—The independent republican campaign was opened in this city to-night by a mass meeting at Horticultural hall. The attendance was large and enthusiastic. The speakers were Hon. John Stewart, the independent candidate for governor, and Hon. Charles S. Wolf. Many members of the committee of one hundred were present and occupied seats upon the stage. Councilman Hollingsworth called the meeting to order and nominated Charles Wheeler for president with a long list of vice presidents.

### Hanged for Murder.

CHICAGO, September 15.—James Tracy was hanged this afternoon for the murder of Officer Huebner. He protested his innocence on the scaffold.

CAIRO, Ill., September 15.—Samuel Ridden, the negro who murdered Zimmerman at Mount Junction, some four years ago, was hanged at Metropolis to-day. He made no confession.

### John Kelly.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—At the Tammany committee on organization meeting to-night John Kelly said if Tammany hall was admitted to the state convention it would support the ticket nominated, and if rejected they would take time and consider what they would do, as it was a matter of grave consideration if they would support a ticket nominated without their aid.

### Judge Lynch Again.

CHARLESTON, S. C., September 15.—A negro named Nathan Bonnet, aged 17, who entered the house of a white citizen of Williston at midnight and attempted to rape his daughter, was taken from jail on Wednesday night by a body of lynchers who overpowered the jailor. Bonnet, who had confessed his guilt, was immediately hanged and his body riddled with bullets.

### Two Engines Wrecked.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Sept. 14.—A collision took place to-day on the Lackawanna and Bloomsburg railroad, near Shickshinny, between an Empire line freight train and the company's pay car. Both engines were wrecked. One of the engineers, Charles Dale, and Charles Miller, a brakeman, were seriously injured.

### Engineer Melville.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 15.—Chief Engineer Melville, with his comrades Noras and Ninderman and Lieutenant Berry, of the Rodgers, arrived here this evening and were tendered a reception and banquet at the Continental hotel. The reception was a very enthusiastic one.

### Crime in DesMoines.

DES MOINES, Iowa., Sept. 17.—John Jones, a grocer, was yesterday afternoon knocked insensible in his store by a slungshot in the hands of an unknown man and robbed of $900. Before his assailant had left the place a customer came in. Chase was given and the man arrested. An excited mob last night threatened lynching, as this is the third assault within a week for purposes of robbery. The mob failed to find him at the arsenal and returning to the court house hung around the jail, believing the man was confined in one of the vaults of the county office. The mob disappeared about midnight, although knots of men remained on the street. It is stated now that the sheriff got Harris out in the country in a carriage at eight o'clock under charge of two man who were ordered to shoot the prisoner if he attempted to escape.

### Poisoned by Pudding.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 17.—The family of Thomas Peters, a bricklayer living at No. 211 Bridge street, Bridesburg, was seized with sudden illness a few days ago after eating bread pudding. The family consists of Mr. Peters, his wife and six children. All partook heartily of the pudding and were shortly afterward attacked with severe pains in the stomach. Dr. Thomas H. Price, of No. 209 Bridge street, was called in. He administered an emetic, which relieved the patient's sufferings, although it was some time before they were out of danger. An investigation showed that the pudding, which was prepared by Mrs. Price, had been baked in an old tin pan, which was newly soldered. Dr. Price's theory is that the acid in the solder combined with the tin, forming a deadly poison. It was noticed that Mrs. Price and two of the children, who ate the "scrapings," suffered most. All were doing well yesterday, but Mrs. Price is still suffering from the effects of the poison.

### Melville's Reception at the Capital.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Pursuant to a call issued a few days ago, a number of prominent government officials and business men of this city assembled at the Ebbett house last night for the purpose of arranging for a reception to be tendered Engineer Melville when he arrived in Washington. Ex-Secretary of the Navy Thompson was among those present. The meeting was organized by the election of Assistant Secretary of State Davis as chairman, and Frank T. Commagere as secretary. A committee of twenty-seven was selected and authorized to take all steps necessary for an appropriate reception. The meeting then adjourned, subject to the call of the committee. Lieutenant Danenhower's father attended, as he said, the representative of his son. He says there is no real disagreement between his son and Melville.

### A Youthful Forger.

NEW YORK, September 17.—Julius Rosenheim, fifteen years old, who says he lives in Baltimore, was accused yesterday of forgery. He presented at the Union Dime Savings bank on Monday last a check for $100, drawn by Brown, Graves & Co. to the order of Thomas Hill, both of Baltimore, and asked to have it cashed. He was told he would have to deposit it and open an account on which he could draw. He left the check and the Baltimore firm were communicated with. They pronounced it forged and protested its payment. On Friday when Rosenheim called, he was arrested. He says he lives at No. 8 South Exeter street, Baltimore, with his mother, two sisters and a brother.

He claims to be an associate member of the Baltimore Produce Exchange, and he came to this city to buy pools on the Coney Island horse races. Brown, Graves & Co. said Rosenheim had procured the check filled out, but unsigned, from their office boy through a misrepresentation. The signature and endorsements were both forgeries.

### Return of the Pons Comet.

BOSTON, September 15.—A cable dispatch has been received from M. Cruls, director of the Rio Janeiro Observatory, announcing the discovery of a comet, visible to the naked eye, whose position on the 11th instant was at 17 hours 14 minutes, stated as Greenwich mean time, but probably the local time is right ascension 9 hours 48 minutes, declination south 2 degrees. It is stated to be probably the celebrated Pons comet of 1812. This is a different comet from that found on the 13th instant by Mr. Barnard, at Nashville, the position of which was obtained last night at the Harvard Observatory.

### Female Suffragists Differ.

OMAHA, Neb., Sept. 15.—The secret of the present session of the Woman's Suffrage Convention being held here, only two weeks ahead of the date for the National Woman's Suffrage Association Convention also to be held here, is that this convention (the American) holds that woman suffrage is a State's rights question, while the National holds that it is a national question. The latter meets on the 26th instant. Phœbe Cousins, Matilda Joslyn Gage, prominent ladies, will be present. Lucy Stone and her husband and Blackwell of Boston, seceders from the National Convention, are at the head of the American.

### A Steamer Disabled.

PROVINCETOWN, Mass., September 17.—The steamship City of Bangor, of the South Shore Steamship Line, became disabled on her passage from Boston to Provincetown, on Saturday and anchored at Long Point. A yacht brought off the passengers and a tug towed the steamer into this port and will take her to Boston.

## ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

### The Presbyterian Sunday-School Building.

After the usual prayer meeting in the Presbyterian church, on Wednesday evening, the congregation resisted the attractions of the "Cantata of Esther the Beautiful Queen," which prompted them to go to Reynolds' Opera House, but instead remained in the church to attend to more urgent business, the subject of such pressing importance being the report of the several persons who had been soliciting subscriptions towards the new Sunday school building The report showed that the ladies had been working like beavers (no political allusion is intended here), and have thus far secured pledges to the amount of $7400—within $600 of the total amount required, which is $8000. This, we believe, is better progress than was at first expected, and ensures the erection of a tasteful and elegant Sunday-school edifice at an early day.

The site selected for the new building is the vacant lot north of the church. The building will in all probability be two stories in height and will contain rooms for prayer meeting and other purposes as well as a Sunday school room. Sufficient funds to furnish the building have been raised by the Sunday school, and the amount now exceeds $2,000, the work of collecting it having been in progress ever since the project was first talked of several years ago.

To the ladies who have so energetically enlisted their efforts in raising this money much credit is due, and they will reap their reward when, a year hence, a new building graces that part of the town to remind them of the "mansion not made with hands eternal in the heavens." In the accomplishment of this grand work the Presbyterian denomination have demonstrated their capacity to effect almost any result to which they devote themselves.

—The inhabitants of Baltimore, Md., must be a remarkably happy people, as that city indulges in a greater number of festivals and celebrations than any of the other cities of the Union. Every year throngs of people from the north, south, east and west flock there to be entertained by the mysterious and fantastic demonstrations, which seem to be full of interest to all. The latest demonstration of this description was the Oriole which occupied all of last week and was considered very successful even for that city. But if Baltimore people enjoy themselves in this way those who are so fortunate as to reside in Centre county and especially in Bellefonte, the county seat, have peculiar blessings which those in no other region enjoy. Notable among these is the grocery store of Sechler & Co. What greater blessing can there be than to be sure you are purchasing groceries in their original and unadulterated purity? That is exactly what can be done at Sechler's store. The proprietor keeps abreast of the times in the supply of groceries for his trade in that line of goods and also in the choice meat with which he supplies his meat-market. Efficient and obliging clerks are present to attend to customers.

—On Saturday night a great many citizens again felt compelled to hold up the lamp posts. They not only did that, but they were in that condition which prompted them to say things which they considered smart, but which were really insulting, to persons who passed them. They should have been put in Fort Dunkle but were apparently left unmolested. In some places such men would not have been permitted to long disgrace the town in that manner, but in Bellefonte they can get so drunk as to be a nuisance and utter all the oaths ever invented without awakening even a remonstrance from the powers that be.

—Improve this glorious September weather by purchasing all the groceries you want of Sechler & Co.

### P. of H. Picnic.

The ninth annual picnic of the Patrons of Husbandry of Centre county will be held on the top of Nittany mountain, near Centre Hall, on Thursday, the 21st of September. Speaking will take place from the main stand during the day by Colonel V. E. Piollet, of Bradford county, Ex-Governor Curtin and others. All are cordially invited to attend.

—The bold Arabi has been captured and is now willing to self himself for a cent. His only consolation will be to buy groceries of Harry Teats & Co.

—The minstrel entertainment last Friday evening was considered one of the best ever given in this place. The audience was very large.

—Common sense teaches us to buy our groceries of Harry Teats & Co., as as they have one of the finest and best stocks ever seen in Bellefonte.

### Walt Whitman's Leaves of Grass.

The edition of Walt Whitman's "Leaves of Grass," about which so much has been written on account of the abandonment of its publication by a Boston firm in consequence of Mr. Anthony Comstock's allegations that it contained objectionable passages, has been issued by Rees Welsh & Co., Philadelphia. The book contains so much true poetry, so many passages which stamp their author as a true poet of a high, though certainly not of the highest order, that it is a pity Mr. Whitman's good sense has not moved him long ago to cut out the "Children of Adam," words and lines, which add nothing at all to the beauty of his book and which certainly are not structural and vital to it. The author of such a poem as "O Captain, My Captain," does himself injustice and puts himself at a disadvantage most unnecessarily and most cruelly by flying in the face of decent public opinion. Walt Whitman's personality is too sweet and sound and clear to be put by a mere piece of injudiciousness at so great a disadvantage as that under which a few expressions in his poems—wantonly and wilfully kept there against the advice of his best friends—cause him to labor. He will not expunge them himself, and therefore he must pay the penalty; but after he is dead they will be blotted out of editions, for lovers of the good man will be sure to do for his fame that which he himself has—we are sure foolishly refused to do for it.—*The Daily Graphic, Saturday, July 29.*

### Notice.

The citizens of Centre county please take notice that a convention will be held in Centre Hall, in the ——, to convene at 2 o'clock p. m., on Monday, September 25, 1882, for the purpose of placing in nomination one candidate for the Legislature to be voted for at the coming fall election.

THOS. I. TAYLOR,
Chairman Ex. Com. Prohibition Party for Centre county.

—Numerous shows are now visiting Bellefonte, but the best show of groceries can be seen at Harry Teats & Co.'s store.

### A Remarkable Case.

DR. HARTMAN—*Dear Sir:* I am induced by a sense of duty to the suffering to make a brief statement of your remarkable cure of myself. I was a most miserable sufferer from the various annoying and distressing diseases of delicate persons, which caused me to be confined to my bed for a long time, being too weak to even bear my weight upon my feet. I was treated by the most reputable physicians in our city, each and all saying they could do nothing for me. I had given up all hopes of ever being well. In this condition I began to take your *Manalin* and *Peruna*, and, I am most happy to say, in three months I was perfectly well—entirely cured without any appliances or support of any kind.

Yours truly, MRS. HENRY ELLIS,
500 Scott st., Milwaukee, Wis.

## EDITOR'S TABLE.

THE *North American Review* for September has for its leading article a very forcible presentment, by Dorman B. Eaton, of the evils produced by the practice of levying "Political Assessments." The paper is noteworthy for its striking array of facts, but more so because it will be universally regarded as the ultimatum of a large and influential section of the republican party, addressed to the party leaders. "Oaths in Legal Proceedings," by Judge Edward A. Thomas, is a discussion of the question whether the interests of morality and of public justice alike, would not be promoted by the abrogation of all laws requiring testimony to be given under the sanction of an oath. Thompson B. Maury, late of the Signal Office, contributes an article on "Tornadoes and their Causes," which, in addition to its scientific interest, possesses the merit of suggesting many practical measures for averting disaster to life and property from wind storms. "Architecture in America," by Clarence Cook, is marked by a freedom of utterance that is refreshing. In this respect it deserves to rank with Commander Gorringe's celebrated paper on the United States Navy. Augustus G. Cobb writes of "Earth Burial and Cremation," and J. F. Manning, in an article entitled "The Geneva Award and the Ship Owners," sets forth the justice of the claims of consignors of cargoes and owners of vessels to indemnification out of the Geneva Award fund, for losses from the acts of Confederate cruisers. The Review is sold by booksellers and newsdealers generally.

THE *Century Magazine* for September has been received, and as usual contains many choice productions. The illustrations are handsome and numerous. On the first page is an elegant steel engraving of Mark Twain. The first and lengthiest article in this number is on the life and adventures of Thos. Berwick, all finely illustrated and full of interest. The article on Ocean Steam Ships, with illustrations, contains a good deal of valuable and interesting information. "The original of Rebecca in Ivanhoe," by Gratz Van Rensellad, contains some very surprising and interesting facts. The serial story, "Through one administration," by Frances Hodgson Burnett, is full of interest, also the serial story, "A Modern Instance." One of the best selections is entitled "Ningpo and the Buddhist Temples." Other interesting articles in this number are "The Academic Course of ex-President Woolsey," "The Old-town with a History," "The New North-west Letter," "War in Egypt," &c.

THE first page of the *Music Herald* for September contains a handsome likeness of Mr. George H. Howard, also a very interesting sketch of his life. The article on John Sebastian Bach is concluded in this number. The description of "Parsifal," Wagner's new opera is grand. The article on "The Organist" contains considerable good, sound sense. The musical selections in this number are good. The first is a vocal song, "Gallant Jamie went a wooing," words and music by N. L. Gilbert. "Two by Two," song, words by Madame Diani Ferri, music by Nicola Ferri, is a very fine selection. "Echoes of Love," instrumental, by B. Wolff, is very sweet and harmonious. "My Native Home March," by Hauschild, is a very fine piece and in good march time. *Music Herald Co.*, Music Hall, Boston.

### The G. A. R. and Beaver.

The following communication addressed to the *Centre Democrat* has been handed us for publication:

*To the Editors of the Centre Democrat*—GENTLEMEN: I have seen the article in the last issue of your paper wherein you charge that the organizations of the Posts of the Grand Army of the Republic in this county have been in the interest of the candidacy of General James A. Beaver for Governor and that members of the Grand Army of the Republic, as such, have been endeavoring to secure pledges from Democratic soldiers to vote for Beaver; that this has been done at the organization of posts, and before candidates were admitted to the order.

These allegations are so manifestly unfair and unjust that they call for an answer. I am a Grand Army man and have taken great interest in the success of the order in this county. Everybody knows that politics and religion are prohibited in the order with the same rigor that is observed in the Masonic fraternity. I have never in all the period of my membership in the G. A. R. heard the subject of politics broached, nor have I ever heard General Beaver's candidacy mentioned in connection with the order.

What may have misled you, or your informant, is, perhaps, the fact that after General Beaver was nominated for Governor I undertook, at my own instance and suggestion, to organize a Veteran Club out of the survivors of the old 148th regiment, which Beaver commanded during the war.

I had the honor to be an officer in that regiment and although a lifelong Democrat, I determined, when Beaver was nominated, that I would enlist again under his banner and follow him to victory again, as I had often done in the field. Accordingly of my own notion, I proceeded to organize the "148th Regiment Veteran Beaver Club," and for that purpose circulated papers among the "boys." I did not find a single member of the old 148th, except one, who did not join heartily in the undertaking and put down his name.

The G. A. R. had nothing to do with this matter neither had I anything to do with the G. A. R. in the organization of the Club. My only purpose was to assure our old commander once more that the boys of the 148th were standing by him. As I said before, I am a Democrat, but no matter what the politics of the man are, if he served in the 148th I am for him. The report in your paper which I complain of cannot hurt Gen. Beaver. It looks to me as if it was a blow aimed at the heart of the Grand Army of the Republic.

Respectfully,
JAS. E. MCCARTNEY.

—George Francis Train is called the philosopher of Madison Square. He sits in the park during pleasant evenings and gives gratuituous instruction to boys who gather around him. Boys do not always care to receive instruction during play hours, however, and one evening they began to torment Philosopher Train, and made themselves such a nuisance that they were arrested. G. F. Train will probably reserve his advice for more appreciative auditors hereafter. He is often very sensible in the advice he gives and if he resided in Centre county would counsel everybody and their friends to purchase groceries of Sechler & Co., in the Bush House block. But our people do not need any philosopher to give them that advice, for their own judgment will lead them to do so. A meat market is an important part of the concern and nothing but the best meat is sold.

—The next grand festival of the season will be held at Milesburg on Friday and Saturday evenings, the 22d and 23d of this month. George L. Potter Post, No 261, G. A. R., for the benefit of which it is given, will superintend the affair and see that all the arrangements are made in first-class style. Ice cream, cake, oysters and all the luxuries of the season will be provided. There should be a large attendance from Bellefonte. We have no doubt the affair will be a success.

—When gentlemen from the rural districts come to town it is unnecessary for them to search through all the stores for a good cigar, but they can obtain one immediately by going to Harry Green at F. P. Green's drug store.

—Friday was a bad day for the Americans. The Hillsdale crew and the American Rifle Team were both badly beaten, and the English did it each time.

—The State Fair in Pittsburgh is said to be unusually full and rich in exhibits this year.

—The largest and best stock of groceries is kept by Sechler & Co.

### Records of the War.

By request of its distinguished author, we republish the following communication addressed to the *Centre Democrat*:

EDITORS CENTRE DEMOCRAT: The Act of Congress of the 7th of August, 1882, provides for the publication and distribution of the Records of the War. Each of the Congressional Districts will be entitled to twenty sets of the books, to be delivered as printed. It will be several years before the series is completed, and the designation should be made as soon as possible.

I propose to designate the Central Posts, of the G. A. R, in each county of the district, and will be obliged if reports are made to me as early as convenient.

A. G. CURTIN.

Bellefonte, Sept. 12, 1882.

—Everybody smiles pleasantly when they come from Harry Teats & Co.'s grocery store, because they get better bargains there than at any other place.

—For the one hundred and forty-fourth time we rise to remark that Harry Green's Cigars "take the cake."

Special inducements for orders for fall and winter clothing during the summer months.
27tf MONTGOMERY & Co.

When you feel out of sorts, have the blues, melancholy, etc., it must be indigestion that ails you. Brown's Iron Bitters cures it.

WANTED.—Proposals for sinking a shaft 6 x 8 feet square or 8 feet round, about 400 feet deep, probably through 350 feet loose gravel and sand, balance rock. For particulars address Carnegie Bros. & Co., Limited, Benore, Centre county, Pa. 14-36-2t

Don't condemn a good thing because you have been deceived by worthless nostrums. Parker's Ginger Tonic has cured many in this section of kidney and nervous disorders, and we commend it heartily to such sufferers.—*Freeport News.*

ANNOUNCEMENT OF VALENTINES & Co.—This establishment is now offering a line of beautiful black silks which are *especially* recommended for their *wearing qualities.* It will be but little trouble for any one wanting a silk dress to inspect these goods and it is certainly a pleasure to exhibit them whether the customers purchase or not.

There is also a line of suiting flannels. These goods give better satisfaction and greater value for the money than anything else in the line of dress goods. The cost of weaving is much less than in goods woven with figures.

The stock is full in all lines of staple goods, ginghams, muslins, prints, Canton flannels, wove flannels, etc., which all should examine.

In men's, boys' and youths' clothing we have an elegant assortment of Rochester, Philadelphia and New York makes, than which there are no better in the country.

As fine an assortment of underwear for the coming season as any one would care to look at is now in stock.

Further announcements in to-morrow's issue. VALENTINES & Co.

**Walnut Leaf Hair Restorer.**

It is entirely different from all others. It is as clear as water, and, as its name indicates, is a perfect Vegetable Hair Restorer. It will immediately free the head from all dandruff, restore gray hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It does not in any manner affect the health, which sulphur, sugar of lead, and nitrate of silver preparations have done. It will change light or faded hair in a few days to a beautiful glossy brown. Ask your druggists for it. Each bottle is warranted. Smith, Kline & Co., Wholesale Agents, Philadelphia, and C. N. Crittenton, New York. 14 24 1y

### *Announcements.*

LEGISLATURE.

E. T. TUTEN, EDITOR REPUBLICAN.—Please announce my name as a candidate for member of the Legislature, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.
Boggs tp., Aug. 14, 1882. E. L. WALKER.

JURY COMMISSIONER.

We are authorized to announce as a candidate for Jury Commissioner the name of D. W. KLINE, of Huston township, subject to the decision of the Republican county convention.

We are authorized to announce the name of HENRY C. SNAVELY, of Walker township as a candidate for Jury Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Republican county convention.

We are authorized to announce the name of DANIEL B. KUNES, of Liberty township, as a candidate for Jury Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Republican county convention.

WARM DINNERS will be served at the
*HOLLY TREE INN*
After MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1882.

| | |
|---|---|
| Steak | 10 cts. |
| Vegetables, each | 5 cts. |
| Pie | 5 cts. |
| Ginger Bread | 5 cts. |
| Coffee or Tea | 5 cts. |

Coffee and Rolls always ready for the EARLY TRAIN. Persons desiring Breakfast for the train can be accommodated if they will order the night before. OYSTERS IN THEIR SEASON. Opposite the Depot. 14-37-4t

**A Word to the Public!**

Long and anxiously has everybody been looking for a change in business and better times in general, and at last there is evidence that we have come to the time when everything brightens up again. Factories of various kinds, which have been idle, have resumed work, and are working in full blast; laborers can find steady employment and farmers are realizing better prices for their produce. But there is one very important point which remains to be considered, and that is where you can do the best in buying your clothing, boots and shoes, as all the papers you get hold of nowadays are full of advertisements, and one merchant seems to hold forth better inducements than the other. It is hard work to find which is the cheapest. But you can solve this question very easily by calling at the Boston Clothing House, just opened in Reynolds' Block, opposite Brockerhoff House, Allegheny St., Bellefonte, Pa.

### *New Advertisements.*

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the Orphans' Court of Centre county.—In the matter of the exceptions filed to the account of John S. Yearick, Administrator of, &c., of Samuel Yearick, deceased. The undersigned, an auditor appointed by said court to hear and pass upon the exceptions filed to said account, restate the same in accordance with his finding, and make distribution of the funds in the hands of said administrator to and among those legally entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in the borough of Bellefonte, on Tuesday, the 10th day of October, A. D. 1882, at 10 o'clock a. m. Parties interested will please attend.
14-37-3t CLEMENT DALE, Auditor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Adam Walker, deceased, late of Boggs township, having been granted to the undersigned, those having claims against said estate will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to pay the same. E. L. WALKER, Admr.
14-37-6t

WATERPROOF
**BUILDING MANILLA.**

This water-proof material, resembling fine leather, is used for roofs, outside walls and inside in place of plaster. Catalogues and samples sent free. W. H. FAY & CO., Camden, N. J. 37 4t

**MASON & HAMLIN**

ORGANS are certainly best, having been so decreed at every Great World's Industrial Competition for Sixteen Years; no other American organs having been found equal at any. Also cheapest. Style 109; 3¼ octaves; sufficient compass and power, with best quality, for popular sacred and secular music in schools or families, at only **$22,** One Hundred other Styles at $30, $57, $66, $72, $78, $93, $108, $114 to $500 and up. The largest styles are wholly unrivaled by any other organs. Also for easy payments. New illustrated catalogue free.

PIANOS This Company have commenced the manufacture of Upright Grand Pianos, including important improvements; adding to power and beauty of tone and durability. Will not require tuning one quarter as much as other pianos. Illustrated Circulars Free. The MASON & HAMLIN Organ and Piano Co., 154 Tremont St., Boston; 46 E. 14th St., New York 149 Wabash Ave., Chicago. 37 4t

**NOTICE TO INVESTORS!**
**First Mortgage Real Estate Loans,**
made and guaranteed by the
**Nebraska Loan & Trust Company,**
**HASTINGS, NEBRASKA.**

School Bonds and Municipal Securities for sale. Best of references furnished. Write for full particulars.
JAS. B. HEARTWELL, Pres. E. C. WEBSTER Treas.
14-37-4t

NOTICE.—By virtue and authority of the powers and duties in me vested by the 11th section of Act of Assembly of the 24th of May, 1871, all fish baskets, eel-wires, kiddles, brush or fascine nets, or any other permanently set means of taking fish in the nature of a seine, which are known to be wasteful and extravagant modes of fishing, existing in any of the streams within Centre county, are hereby declared common nuisances and are ordered to be dismantled by their owners or managers, so as to render them no longer capable of taking or injuring fish of the streams of whatever kind, and if all such fish baskets, eel-wires, where they now exist are not destroyed or dismantled within ten days after the date of this notice, I shall proceed to remove and dismantle the same as directed by said 11th Section of Act of 24th of May, 1871.
Bellefonte, Aug. 29, 1882. T. J. DUNKEL,
14-35-3td&w Sheriff.

**Valuable Farm**
**FOR SALE.**

The undersigned offers at private sale a farm situate in College township, Centre county, Pa., adjoining the village of Oak Hall, ten miles southwest of Bellefonte, and four miles east of State College, containing 166 acres of good lime stone land, all under cultivation, except 14 acres of good young timber. The improvements are a good two-story stone mansion house, bank barn and all necessary outbuildings. Also, a good orchard, springs and streams of running water, all convenient for stock. A good spring house convenient. The best of meadows for timothy and corn that can not be surpassed in the county, makes it a very desirable stock farm. The best of

**Pipe Iron Ore**

has been tested and partly developed on said property adjoining land of Dr. E. Hale, who owns the celebrated Pipe Ore Mines worked by Stover a few years ago.

The farm is pleasantly located, possessing the advantage of village and country, convenient to churches, schools, mills, factory and shops, all on a good turnpike road.

The property will commend itself to any one who is looking for a comfortable home, healthy situation in Penns Valley, Tussey mountain on the south, one and one-half mile, and end of Nittany mountain, one mile north, commanding in all fine mountain scenery.

This farm is so located that it could be divided in two parts if desired by purchasers. Say one with buildings of 116 acres, and the other part, 50 acres more or less, suitable for a two-horse farm.

Also a house and lot, containing over one acre, is offered for sale in said village. For terms and particulars call upon or address

**JOHN S. FOSTER,**
14 34 tf BOALSBURG, PA.

**EXECUTORS' SALE**
OF TWO
**Valuable Farms!**

Will be sold at public sale, on Friday, October 27, 1882, commencing at 1 o'clock p. m., on the premises, at Gatesburg, Ferguson township, Centre county, Pa., on the farm of the late Michael Rider, deceased, the following described real estate, to wit:

The Homestead farm at Gatesburg, containing 185 acres and 134 perches, of which 150 acres is in a good state of cultivation; the balance in good young chestnut and oak timber. There is erected on the farm a good two-story house, with L, containing 14 rooms. A good bank barn, with all other necessary outbuildings, two wells of never-failing water, a cider house, containing good press and apple grinder, two bearing orchards of choicest fruit, plenty of iron ore, by appearance on top.

Also, at same time and place, a farm situated at Marengo station, on the Lewisburg and Tyrone railroad, about three miles west of Pennsylvania Furnace. This farm has a good two-story house, with L, containing 8 rooms, with a good bank barn and other out-buildings, a good well of never-failing water, Half Moon creek running through centre of farm. A small bearing orchard of good fruit. This farm also has good prospects of iron ore, by top appearance. This farm contains 161 acres and 134 perches, 125 acres in a good state of cultivation, the balance in oak and chestnut timber.

Conditions of sale are as follows; One-third on delivery of deed; the balance in two annual payments. To be secured by bond or mortgage, with interest. For information address Guyer P. O., Centre county, Pa. Will meet parties wishing to inspect farms at Marengo Station, on the Lewisburg railroad. We are determined to sell on date above mentioned. Possession given April 1, 1883. Purchaser can prospect for ore immediately after deed is given. JACOB K. RIDER,
MATHIAS RIDER.
14 34 1t Executors.

### *Goldsmith Brothers.*

**This Column is reserved for the Bee Hive Store.**

### *S. & A. Loeb, General Merchandise.*

# OUR STORE

WILL BE

# CLOSED

At 6 o'clock p. m.,

## Friday Next, the 22d Inst.

AND REMAIN CLOSED UNTIL

## 6 o'clock Saturday Eve'g,

**The 23d Inst.**

Open on next Saturday Only in the Evening.

# S. & A. LOEB.

**Bellefonte Republican.**
BELLEFONTE, PA.
EDWARD T. TUTEN.

## THE LATEST NEWS.

### A Partial Verdict.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—At 10.10 the jury entered the court room and through their foreman reported to the court that they had reached a conclusion as to four of the defendants, but that they stood as on Saturday as to the others, being unable to agree as to them. The court declined to receive the verdict and took a recess until 2 p. m.

At 2.05 the jury entered and through their foreman reported that they were unable to agree. The court started it had come to the conclusion to accept a partial verdict. The roll of defendants were called and all answered here. The jury then returned a verdict of acquittal as to Turner and Peck and of guilty as to Miner and Rerdell. As to the others they were unable to agree.

Before the jury had left their seats Foreman Dickson said: "At the close of the proceedings last Thursday, your honor made some severe strictures upon the attempts which have been made to bribe certain members of the jury. I stated then that upon the disposition of this case I would present such facts as I have to present. Will I present them in a sworn statement to you?"

The Court—"No, no sir. Not at all. Your experience may have been different from that of other members of the jury; no doubt it is. That is a matter which will probably be investigated in another way. It does not belong to your verdict."

Foreman Dickson—"No relation whatever."

The Court—No, if it be true as has been reported to me by several members of this jury that efforts to bribe have been made I think that no more abominable, no more censurable depth of crime can be named. I think that this is not the place for the court or jury to talk on this subject. It is a matter which ought to be in the hands of the officers of the law and if any scoundrel be convicted of such an attempt (I do not know whether the jury would convict him or not) we shall endeavor to do our duty as a court. Good bye, gentlemen.

### The Festival at Atlantic.

ATLANTIC CITY, Sept. 10.—The concert has proven a great success. Everybody is delighted. The crowd attracted has given the beach, the hotels and the lawns a summer like aspect. True the rain kept hundreds of persons away from the concert to-day, but the attendance was very large. The artists were compelled to vacate the huge pavilion and seek the sheltering piazzas during the afternoon. Continued bad weather this evening necessitated the conversion of the dining-room into an opera hall, the verandas serving as a sort of parquet. The selections which struck the popular chord most effectively were the overture to "William Tell," a solo by Graff, "If with All Our Hearts," "Esmeralda" by Mrs. Belle-Cole, who also sang "Down Upon the Swanee River" as an encore. The entire programme was carried out save one selection. The encouragement given the managers by the railroad companies, hotels and the Disston Electric Light Company has induced the promise of two or three similar entertainments next season. Outward trains leaving to-night are heavily laden.

### Maine Music.

AUGUSTA, Sept. 11.—The election here is quiet but a heavy vote is being polled. The republicans are sweeping every ward at the rate of two to one, largely increasing the majority of 1880. The independent and straight greenback vote is not heavy.

BELFAST, Sept. 11.—The contest is very animated here and a larger vote than ever before has been polled. The republicans are gaining largely.

BIDDEFORD, Sept. 11.—Up to noon only about one-third of the total vote had been polled. The vote between Plaisted and Robie is very close. Very few straight greenback or temperance votes are being cast.

PORTLAND, September 11.—Robie is elected by 7,500 to 9,000 plurality. The republican congressional ticket is carried by about the same vote. It is understood that two thirds of the senate and at least that proportion of the house will be republican, but the actual number cannot be known to-night.

One hundred towns including Portland give Robie 6,272 plurality, a republican gain of 2,708.

### Hanging of Hines.

LIMERICK, September 11.—Francis Hynes, alias Hawne, was hanged at 8 o'clock this morning. He endured the pinioning and recited his prayers calmly. Only a a slight tremor was perceptible immediately before the bolt was drawn. Death was almost instantaneous. A large crowd outside the jail awaited the hoisting of the black flag which signified that the drop had fallen. Many of the people were praying for the convict's soul. A large military guard was held in readiness and 700 extra policemen from northern countries were drafted to Limerick, in view of the possibility of a disturbance.

### Independent Nominations.

CHESTER, Pa., September 11.—A largely attended convention of independent republicans of Delaware county, was held at Media, to day and nominated Lewis Smith of Media, and John C. Price, of Chester, for the legislature. No other nominations were made.

### The British to Attack.

CONSTANTINOPLE, September 12.—The grand council, summoned yesterday to discuss the relations between Turkey and England, decided that the military convention must clearly indicate the landing place of the Turkish troops in Egypt.

KASSASSIN, September 12.—The Indian cavalry horses are suffering from glanders. Owing to the fall of the fresh water canal the launches are unable to proceed.

LONDON, September 12.—Reuther's Telegram Company has received the following dispatch to Kassassin, September 12, this morning General Wolseley has left the camp in order to arrange for an attack. All the forces have now arrived.

WASHINGTON, September 12.—A cable message has been received by Acting Secretary of the Navy Walker from Lieutenant commander Casper F. Goodrich, the officer detailed to accompany the English army in the Egyptian campaign, announcing his arrival at Alexandria on the 11th instant, and his intention to report to Sir Garnet Wolseley at the first opportunity.

LONDON, September 12.—A dispatch to the *Central News* from Ismalia reports that boats have gone up the fresh-water canal, through Kassassin lock, to blow up the dams constructed by the enemy.

KASSASSIN, September 12.—General Wolseley made a personal reconnoisance this morning. He was accompanied by the duke of Connaught and Generals Lowe, Willis and Wilkinson. He returned after gaining a clear idea of the enemy's position. This is the last reconnoisance before the battle.

### The Oriole.

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 12.—The sixty-eighth anniversary of the battle of North Point, which begins the annual Oriole festival, was celebrated to-day with more than usual ceremony and display. The weather was clear, with a fine breeze from the west, and the city was washed clean by the severe rainstorm of yesterday, which continued late into the night. Many buildings on the principal streets are beautifully decorated, and although business was not entirely suspended it was a general holiday. All municipal offices were closed and some of the government offices. The programme for the day was the dedication of a monument on Eutaw Place to Colonel George Armistead, who commanded at Fort McHenry during its bombardment by the British fleet, a miltary parade of visiting and citizen soldiers, Union veterans, fire companies and other organizations. The city is filled with visitors from every section of the Union, and many thousands occupy the streets and sidewalks.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 12.—In the competitive drill the contestants were company A, Fifth Maryland regiment, Hagerstown, Md., Light Infantry; Scranton Pa., City Guards; Band Guards, of Maryland, and the Washington Light Infantry. The first prize was awarded to the Washington Light Infantry, the second to the Scranton City Guards, and the third to company A, Fifth Maryland.

### The Sprague Property.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 10.—Another attempt to burn the Sprague property at Cranston was made last night. The dwelling house is occupied by Dr. Lawton and his family. Mrs. Lawton was sitting up, being too nervous to sleep, and discovered two men in the yard and a flash of fire in some broken lattice work. She alarmed the watchman, close at hand, who gave pursuit and fired at the retreating incendiaries, but without effect. The family had partially packed their goods to move, fearing incendiaries. This is the first attempt to burn the dwelling house on the Sprague estate, but four barns and two mills have been destroyed.

### Fire and Water.

PORTSMOUTH, September 12.—A lime schooner, name unknown, anchored last night off Rye, N. H., on fire. Only a portion of the crew were able to get ashore, on account of the terrible sea. The remainder battered down the hatches and stayed on deck until driven by the heat to the rigging. A hole subsequently burned in her bottom, and she sank in three fathoms of water in a very dangerous position. The life saving station could do nothing for her relief. A volunteer boat's crew from the United States ship Vandalia have gone with a man-of-war cutter in a tug boat to attempt the rescue of the men.

### The Marquis of Lorne's Train.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 13.—This morning a special train with the Marquis of Lorne and Princess Louise on board was run into at Port Costa by a yard engine. The engine of the special train was badly damaged. One report says that the princess received slight bruises, but nothing definite has yet been obtained.

### Panic in a Church.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 11.—The altar in St. Thomas' Catholic church took fire during the celebration of children's mass this morning. The flames were quickly extinguished, but a panic took place and many of the children were trampled on and otherwise injured. No lives were lost.

### A Lively Corpse.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.—There is no truth in the report that Samuel J. Tilden is seriously ill. He is as well as usual and was out riding this afternoon through the streets of Yonkers.

### Victory.

ALEXANDRIA, September 13.—The khedive has received a telegram saying the British attack on Tel-el Kebir commenced at half-past 4 o'clock this morning.

LONDON, September 13.—Despatches from Alexandria say that Tel-el-Kebir was carried this morning, the British capturing forty guns and a large number of prisoners. Arabi's force appears to be quite broken up and demoralized and is flying toward the desert. Cavalry are in pursuit.

The Exchange telegraph company has received the following, dated Kassassin, September 13. At the capture of Tel-el-Kebir the Egyptian losses are estimated at 2,000 men. Our loss is probably 200, including many officers. The Highland brigade bore the brunt of the action.

Reuther's telegram company has the following dated Kassassin, Sept. 13, 5 30 a. m. The attack on Tel-el-Kebir began at 4 45 this morning. The main attack was directed against the enemy's extreme left flank, four miles north of the railway. The heavy artillery and infantry fire is proceeding. The British troops are advancing rapidly and are evidently turning the enemy's flank. The British armored train with the forty pounder Krubb gun which was captured at Kassassin, and the Gattlings, has just come into action. The fire of the enemy opposite the extreme right of the British is nearly silenced.

### The Colored Odd Fellows.

READING, Pa., September 13.—To-day the state convention of colored Odd Fellows adjourned after choosing Carlisle as the next place of meeting. The following officers were elected: District master, J. B. Matthews, of Philadelphia; deputy, Wm. F. Penn, of Gettysburg; secretary, Joseph M. Stafford, of Marietta; treasurer, Thomas H. Hughes, of Williamsport; champlain, John C. Brooks, of Reading; executive committee, Joseph S. Thomas, of Harrisburg, W. H. Valentine, of Philadelphia, and Charles N. Johnson, of Carlisle. The visiting lodges had a parade this afternoon, after which a picnic was held at Laurer's park, attended by two thousand colored people. Mayor Rowe made an address of welcome, and William Howard Day, of Harrisburg, spoke on the glory of Odd Fellowship.

### South Carolina Republicans.

COLUMBIA, S. C., September 13.—The republican state convention today adopted the following:

*Resolved*, That the convention of the union republican party of South Carolina, while repudiating the financial principles advocated by the greenback party and reaffirming the principles of the union republican party, do recommend that at the next general election the voters of the state, in the interest of a free ballot and a fair count, cast their ballots as republicans for the state ticket nominated by the greenback-labor convention on the 6th instant.

A resolution was adopted recommending republicans to support B. S. Cash, independent candidate for congress in the Fifth district.

E. W. Mackey was re-elected chairman of the state committee. Adjourned.

### Asiatic Cholera.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 12.—Dr. Cabell, of Virginia, president of the National Board of Health, held yesterday an official inquest, in this city, upon the recent cholera case. In a letter to the Sanitary Protection Association, to be published to-day, he states that he is deterred from pronouncing it a case of epidemic or technically called Asiatic "cholera," inasmuch as there has not been time for that disease to reach our shores from Tangiers by the usual method of transit, although he freely admits that the symptoms and post-mortem appearances were entirely consistent with such a view.

Dr. Cabell urges the expediency of transmitting the duties of the health board to a body of medical gentlemen conversant with sanitary questions.

### Anti-Monopoly Convention.

SARATOGA, Sept. 13.—The anti-monopoly state convention met this afternoon, with 100 delegates in attendance. General Henry E. Tremaine was elected temporary chairman, and returned thanks for the honor conferred. The convention made no nominations and adjourned subject to the call of the chair. The proceedings were at times animated over state politics, Governor Cornell finding many friends and supporters among well known and life long democrats.

### Merely a State Affair.

CHICAGO, September 13.—The republican state central committee held a meeting at the Grand Pacific hotel to-day. James G Blaine was at the hotel, but did not appear at the meeting, being obliged to go by the noon train to Kansas City. The meeting has not yet assumed a wider scope than a state affair.

A SIGNIFICANT TOAST.—An Irishman drinking the health of his bishop, gave this toast: "May your riverence live to eat the old hen that crows over your grave." If anything could make that toast true, it is Hunt's Remedy, whose mission is to prolong life, and to deliver from the power of insidious and mortal disease. And what more terrible and fatal than kidney and liver diseases! What intense suffering, too, is connected with urinary troubles! Yet here Hunt's Remedy is King, and it works marvels in those who are afflicted with these ailments. Why shouldn't the suffering live to eat the aforesaid old hen when Hunt's Remedy gives such renewed vigor and health?

Nervousness, peevishness, and fretting, so often connected with overworked females' lives, is rapidly relieved by Brown's Iron Bitters.

SCENE—Central Park Station. Enter night patrolman: "Ser (hick) gent, I foun' a saloon open las' night." Sergeant (serenely): "I see you did."

It is very discouraging to the industrious farmer's wife, as well as foolish, to have her poultry die from cholera or other disease, when she can buy of her druggist, Roberts' Poultry Powder for 25 cents a package. Guaranteed to cure.

A New York man stole a parrot, and if his fine is not over $100,000 it will be paid by the parties who lived contiguous to the abducted bird.

Parents who allow their children to grow up with scrofulous humors bursting from every pore are guilty of a great wrong. Think of them pointed out as branded with a loathsome disease, and you will readily procure them the Cuticura Remedies.

Last week there was a Democratic and a Republican Convention in Austin at one and the same time. They should have imitated Congressional opponents. They should have paired off and gone home about their business.

All ladies know their faces are more attractive when free from pimples. Parker's Ginger Tonic is popular among them because it banishes impurities from the blood and skin, and makes the face glow and the eye sparkle with health.

The Nashville American has a new editor of the name of Baskette, but he will not hold as much spring poetry as the short editorial basket. When it comes to "beer and other refreshments," however—well, it's different then.

A pure, wholesome distillation of witch hazel, American pine, Canada fir, marigold, clover blossoms, etc., fragrant with the healing essences of balsam and pine. Such is Sanford's Radical Cure for Catarrh. Complete treatment for $1.

An East End girl said she could make a quart of ice cream "look sick;" she tried the experiment, and it wasn't the ice cream that looked sick, either—but that girl got terribly left.

**Explains Itself.**

Special Telegram.

GREAT VALLEY, N. Y.—Having sold your medicines for the past two and a half years can cheerfully recommend all of them, especially Baxter's Mandrake Bitters, as I have sold several gross of them, and in every instance wherever I have recommended any one to try a bottle they have come back after more. I have used all your medicines in my own family and find them all excellent remedies.

Yours truly, J. E. CHASE,
Price 25 cts. per bottle. Druggist.

It knocks a man all out after he has wasted sweet words of flattery and kind caresses on a child to find that the handsome lady near by is its young stepmother who rather detests the brat.

**Choice Extracts From Druggists.**

"We know the value of malt, hops, quinine bark and asparagus composing Malt Bitters."

"Best kidney medicine on our shelves."

"Our lady customers highly praise them."

"Physicians prescribe them in this town."

"The largest bottle and best medicine."

"Our best people take 'Malt Bitters.'"

"Sure cure for chills and liver diseases."

The name of Epentus Howe, who is the Greenback candidate for the New York Governorship, was too much for the telegraphers. After various troubles along the line it landed in St. Paul as "E. Pontius Horse."

**What a Learned Doctor Says.**

COR. BROADWAY & PRATT STS.,
BALTIMORE, Md., Aug. 5, 1881.

H. H. WARNER & Co.: *Sirs*—A publication appeared in the Baltimore papers some months ago purporting among other things to set forth the particulars of my cure from Bright's Disease by the use of your Safe Kidney and Liver Cure. That card represented only an outline of the facts in the case. F. A. MCMANUS, M. D.

We little dream of the amount of disappointment and suffering in this world. Just think what a poignant grief seized upon the thousands of New Yorkers when the authorities declared that the glove-fight between Sullivan and Wilson would not be permitted to take place! They felt as if life was not worth living for.

PE-RU-NA

Is Nature's greatest remedy, and is the principal ingredient of almost every prescription Dr. Hartman gives to his private patients.

PERUNA pleasantly agrees with every one—the young, the old, the middle-aged, the babe and the mother.

PERUNA cleanses the system of all its impurities; tones the stomach, regulates the heart, unlocks the secretions of the liver, strengthens the nerves and invigorates the brain.

PERUNA is the greatest appetizer, makes blood, and to the weary and tired from the toils and cares of the day it gives sweet and refreshing sleep.

PERUNA is composed wholly of vegetable ingredients, each one a great remedy in itself.

PERUNA is pleasant in taste and will help the stomach to digest any article of food.

In Liver and Kidney diseases, and in Chronic Catarrh, it has positively no equal. It never fails.

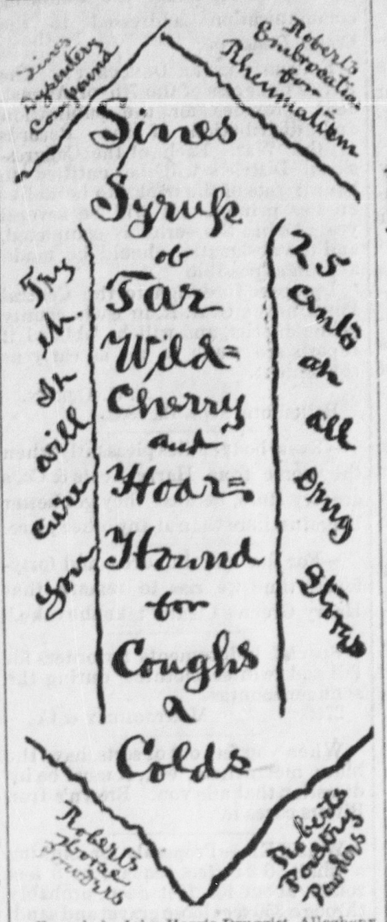
Ask your druggist for Dr. Hartman's pamphlet on "The Ills of Life."

For Piles, Diarrhœa, or Kidneys, take

MAN-A-LIN

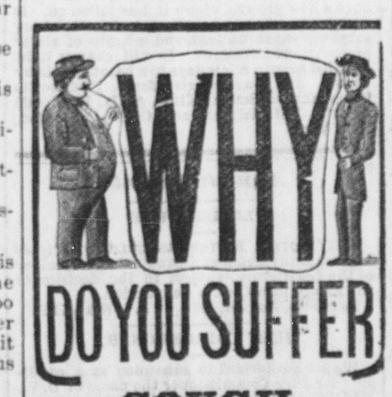
Single Bottle $1.00; Six Bottles $5.00. For sale by Druggists and Dealers.

## Miscellaneous.


Sinus Syrup of Tar Wild Cherry and Horehound for Coughs & Colds
Roberts Embrocation for Rheumatism
Roberts Horse Powders
Roberts Poultry Powders

For sale by John Harris Druggist, Allegheny street Bellefonte Pa. dawMar17 1y

HARDWARE!
JAMES HARRIS & CO.,
ARE SELLING VERY LOW
REAPER SECTIONS AND REPAIRS,
And all kinds of Farming Tools.
RAKES FORKS SCYTHES CRADLES, SPROUT'S HAY FORKS,
ROPE BLOCKS, ETC., ETC.,
All kinds of HARDWARE, to meet all demands in this line.




With that COUGH when there is a remedy at hand so **pleasant**, so **certain**, and so **safe**, that the most delicate child may take it without danger. It is called

GREEN'S Comp. Syrup of
TAR, HONEY & BLOODROOT

It contains all the virtues of Tar in a *concentrated* form, combined with the best **Expectorants** and **Anodynes**, the whole prepared without the aid of heat, forming the BEST KNOWN REMEDY for all affections of the Throat and Lungs.

Try one bottle and be convinced. Price **50 cents** per bottle. Manufactured only by

F. POTTS GREEN, BELLEFONTE, PA

GUNS

I am now opening a new stock of
Breech-Loading Double Guns,
Winchester Rifles,
Revolvers, Cutlery,
Cartridges,
B. L. Implements,
and a general stock of
SPORTING AMMUNITION,
*Shot at Wholesale and Retail*
(Chilled and Soft.)
Shot Gun Cartridges Loaded to Order.
Breech and Muzzle Loading Guns Carefully Repaired
Also agent for the Pittsburgh
*New Family Sewing Machine.*
Gun and Machine Oils, Needles and Sewing Machine Attachments.
*THEODORE DESCHNER.*
SHOP, NO. 44, HIGH STREET,
BELLEFONTE, PA. 14-30-3m

## Miscellaneous.

BURCHFIELD'S

New Grocery Store,

just opened in the new Centre County Bank building,

High Street, BELLEFONTE, PA.,

Has everything

New, Fresh and Desirable.

The most extensive stock of

Groceries, Canned Goods, Spices,
Table Delicacies, Provisions,
Confectioneries, Glassware,
Stoneware, Queensware, Tobaccos,
Cigars, &c.

In this section of the state.

These goods will be sold at either wholesale or retail, and at prices to suit the times.

As everything in stock is perfectly fresh, and purchased for cash, I can guarantee the fullest satisfaction in both quality and price.

A cordial invitation is extended to everybody to call, and a fair share of the patronage of the people is respectfully requested.

14-19-1y

SPRING MILLS HOUSE,
SPRING MILLS, CENTRE CO., PA
The terminus of the Lewisburg and Tyrone R. R.

This is a New House and newly furnished with Everything tending to Comfort and Convenience of Guests.

The air is invigorating and perfectly free from Malaria, and particularly favorable for the restoration to health of persons afflicted with Pulmonary complaints, Malaria disorders and Hay Fever.

The Table is plentifully supplied with meats, milk and fresh vegetables and fruits in season, healthfully prepared and tastefully served.

*GOOD STABLING ACCOMMODATIONS.*

POPULAR PRICES:

Per day, (less than a week,) ..... $ 2 00
Per week, (less than a month,) ..... 6 00
Per month, ..... 20 00

☞All inquiry as to Rooms and Board will be promptly answered.

14-20-tf GEO. B. NASH, Manager.

COLUMBIA HOUSE,
Nos. 111 and 113 N'th Broad Street (above Arch
PHILADELPHIA, PENN'A.

Directly opposite Academy of Fine Arts; three squares from Academy of Music and Horticultural Hall; one block from the new City Hall and the Pennsylvania railway passenger depot; adjoins the National Surgical Institution; half block from Masonic Temple, and within three squares of the Philadelphia & Reading passenger depot.

TERMS, $1.50 PER DAY.

MRS. ELIZABETH A. HUTTON, Proprietress
14-21tf

Gold. Great chance to make money Those who always take advantage of the great chances for making money that are offered, generally become wealthy, while those who do not improve such chances remain in poverty. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address, STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. jan1 d6mawly

WORTH SENDING FOR!
Dr. J. SCHENCK, of Philadelphia, has just published a book on "DISEASES OF THE LUNGS AND HOW THEY CAN BE CURED," which is offered FREE, postpaid to all applicants. It contains *valuable information* for all who suppose themselves afflicted with, or liable to, any diseases of the throat or lungs. Address DR. J. H. SCHENCK & SON, 600 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. P. O. Box 2833. 35-4t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of John Eckenroth. Letters of administration on the estate of John Eckenroth, late of Spring township, Centre county, Penn'a., deceased, have been granted to Jeremiah Eckenroth and Charles Eckenroth, residing in said township, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

JEREMIH ECKENROTH.
34-6t CHARLES ECKENROTH,
Administrators.

F. P. GREEN,
DRUGGIST,
Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family receipes. 6 1 1y

## ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—Was it the equinoctial storm?

—Have you heard the news from Maine?

—Mr. E. C. Humes has a new pony phæton.

—Bellefonte has escaped the base ball fever.

—The evenings are pleasant for dancing parties.

—Squirrels are not so plenty as was anticipated by sportsmen.

—Autumn tints are beginning to appear on the foliage of the trees.

—Mr. Philo Ward is erecting a new kitchen to his house on Penn street.

—Some improvements have been made recently in the drainage in front of the First National Bank.

—A new front porch has been erected recently on the Lamb street side of Mrs. Emily Jacobs' residence.

—The new Reformed church will be dedicated on Sunday, the 15th of October, three weeks from next Sunday.

—We shall take old Father Time by the fore-lock and announce that Thanksgiving is the next legal holiday!

—The bill boards present a gaudy appearance under their covering of bright colored theatrical and minstrel illuminations.

—Bellefonte has a sufficiently large number of public and private schools to insure the thorough education of her growing youth.

—Those who have their stoves stowed away in a convenient corner are now wishing that they were put up and ready for use.

—A Lock Haven girl who heard that Pennsylvania will soon celebrate her bi-Centennial asked how many centennials she could buy for a cent.

—The United States Signal Service is undertaking the experiment of sending daily frost predictions with the weather report for the benefit of tobacco growers.

—John Smith suicided at Harrisburg a few days ago. What a shame after Pocahontas, the fair Indian maiden, braved death to shield him from danger!

—It is easy to discover when a load of phosphate is conveyed along the street. If there is any virtue in a disagreeable smell one load should suffice for a ten-acre lot.

—Acquaintances are becoming so very cool in their greetings that they cause a chilly sensation. They speak of the near approach of Jack Frost and other frigid subjects.

—How a lady with tight skirts manages to step over that great hole that extends directly across the pavement in front of the Centre County Bank is a mystery.

—The Fifth Annual Convention of the Pennsylvania Millers' State Association will be held at the Lochiel House, Harrisburg, commencing on Tuesday morning, October 10.

—Frank R. Stover, who is cooking for G. R. Boak & Co.'s camp at Rock Run, recently killed a large rattle snake which he found coiled behind a flour barrel. It had twelve rattles.

—Isaac Frain, of this county, will be one of the orators at the picnic of the Patrons of Husbandry of Clinton country, to be held on the 30th of the month on the camp ground near Beech Creek.

—A good many Bellefonte Nimrods don a hunter's garb, arm themselves with a gun and tramp towards the mountains, but they are seldom known to return with any game. Not this time—some other time—is their motto.

—There are so many unusually fair specimens of the fair sex in this county that those who are interested in agricultural affairs will not attempt to hold a county fair this fall—they're afraid they wont fare very well. But, then, it's none of our affair.

—The congregation of the Reformed church are overflowing with gratitude for favors recently received, and the managers of the very successful festival supper which ended on Saturday, the 9th, request us to thank the people of Bellefonte for their generous patronage.

—Dorsey Green, Esq., is one of the most progressive farmers on Buffalo Run. He owns a farm of 400 acres which is in excellent condition. If there were more farmers like him the crops would be larger and the exports of the nation and their attendant benefits would be greater.

—The pay train of the Pennnsylvania railroad was in town last week and also went to Snow Shoe. Between that place and Bellefonte it carried distinguished outside passengers in the persons of four beautiful young ladies who occupied seats on an elevated, upholstered platform in front of the iron horse. They alighted at the station in this place and repaired to their homes.

### "Esther, the Beautiful Queen."

The entertainment given in Reynolds' Opera House on Wednesday and Thursday evenings of last week was remarkable in every detail. The poetization and musical setting of the sweet Scripture narrative of the heroism of Queen Esther has been done in a very artistic manner in the rendition which Prof. A. D. Lane teaches and represents. To say that it was skillfully rendered last night by all would be more than truth will allow, but to aver that the results are remarkable considering the brief time which has been given to its preparation is but half expressing the real facts.

The principal characters in the cantata were taken by persons from abroad and all of them were excellent. The lovely and heroic Queen was most charmingly represented by Miss Annie Reeser, of Lock Haven, and she was the most attractive and interesting of all the characters, far excelling even the King. She is a lovely young lady with a divine voice which she uses with much grace and power. Her perfect self-possession makes her master of the audience whom she delights and her vocal culture is remarkable. Her acting shows a true conception of the part she assays. With a grace of manner quite irresistible she petitions the clemency of the King, pleads earnestly for her enslaved people and denounces the wicked Haman with withering contempt. The costumes which she wore were very appropriate—one of black velvet with long train which her attendants, Misses Lillie Harris and Carrie Weaver, managed dexterously, and another of crimson velvet and white fur.

"Zeresh" was well rendered by Mrs. Stephenson, of Lock Haven. She also acts with force and naturalness and her costumes are elegant and tasteful.

The "King" was taken by Prof. A. D. Lane. His singing and acting were of course good. We think his royal garments were appropriate, though they might have been loose and flowing and of royal purple.

Mr. McIntyre, of Lock Haven, assumed the role of "Haman." He has a moderately good voice and his acting shows experience and tact. Prof. Beck, of this place, was the "Mordecai" of the occasion.

Of those who took the minor characters we must mention Miss Annie Burchfield and Miss Fisher as among the most skillful amateur performers. Miss Fisher, who is quite an attractive person, made a very pretty "First Maid of Honor."

Miss Celesti Shaffer, the *organist*, (for some reason there was no piano in the hall), showed herself to be an excellent performer on that instrument.

We shall not mention any of the younger performers individually. The part that impressed us as most difficult but which was perfectly executed was the marching of a company of boys followed by one of girls. They performed difficult evolutions with a skill which soldiers often fail to demonstrate after years of training.

The audience was good, but not as large as it should have been.

### The Parade of the Pennsylvania Workmen.

The bi centennial celebration at Philadelphia in October promises to be one of the grandest events in the history of that city. On the second day of the celebration the following will be the programme: Parade of the different trades, manufactories and foundries of Philadelphia, with wagons, all showing the various modes of manufacture; woodware, hardware, furniture, printing, dyeing, weaving, sewing machines, engine building, tinware, upholstering. Grand parade of the Pennsylvania railroad, showing the rise and progress of railroading and car building; 30,000 mechanics and manufacturers in line. In the evening grand historical moving tableaux, showing historical incidents in the history of Pennsylvania, followed by an epic poem, illustrated by tauleaux in floats or cars, each car drawn by four horses, and shown by lights arranged and carried by men. The employes of the Pennsylvania railroad shops in Altoona, Pittsburg, Harrisburg and other points along the line have been invited to participate, and those who express their intention to do so will be furnished with transportation.

—The ten days in which the people of Lock Haven were to subscribe $50,000 toward the new railroad have expired and the amount is not yet represented even on paper, which causes the *Journal* to remark that "there are too many men afraid to spend a penny without first getting a bite of the candy."

—We didn't suppose that Harry Schroyer was so hard-hearted as to drag poor "Haman" away when he was in such deep trouble, but he did.

### A Few Legal Points.

It may be interesting and will no doubt prove valuable to our readers to give particular attention to the following legal points which they may be called upon to use at any time. They are condensed from an article on the subject prepared by a lawyer of Lewistown and furnished to the *Free Press* of that place:

Every debtor can claim $300 from levy and sale, except it has been waived, or the debt is for purchase money.

All personal property may be distrained for taxes upon real estate, whether the same belongs to the owner of the land or the occupant.

Debts, book accounts, notes and contracts not under seal expire by limitation in six years. Contracts under seal expire in twenty years. Any payment, or promise to pay, or payment of interest, revives a debt.

Uninterrupted possession of real estate for 21 years gives title against every one except the commonwealth, infants, persons beyond the seas or *sui generis*.

Judgments entered in the common pleas are good for five years, and the lien is preserved for that time against all the real estate of the debtor. *Scire Facias* continues the lien five years from renewal. The death of the debtor continues the lien for five years from the date of death.

Legal rate of interest is 6 per cent. It is usury to charge more. Excess of interest can be recovered by the debtor if sued for within six months.

Wills must be in writing and signed by the testator, and should be proven by two or more witnesses. Great care should be taken in drawing a will so that the intention of the testator be set out. Married women can make wills; they must be executed before two or more witnesses neither of whom shall be her husband.

Deeds, mortgages, letters of attorney, leases, releases, assignments, etc., intended to be recorded, must first be acknowledged. Various officers of the United States and State courts may take acknowledgments, but a notary public or a commissioner of Pennsylvania will always be found more convenient, as their official seals are sufficient evidence of authority. When a married woman makes an acknowledgement she must be examined separate and apart from her husband, the contents of the instrument made known to her, and she must declare to the officer that she executes it of her own free will, without any coerceon from her husband.

### The Late John Tate.

A friend furnishes us several interesting facts concerning the late Mr. John Tate, who died on Friday, the 8th instant. He was born in Centre county in 1805 and was identified with the manufacture of ore from its earliest existence in Central Pennsylvania. The family from which Mr. Tate originated are inclined to longevity. Among them we might mention two sisters of the deceased who live in Tyrone, Mrs. Betsey Burley and Mrs. Hannah Ayres, the former 82 years of age—more than the time allotted by Scripture—and the latter 65 years, being comparatively a young woman. Of the brothers there are now living Edward Tate, of the Altoona shops, 77 years of age; Thomas Tate, of Clarion county, 84 years; and David Tate, of Iowa, 73 years. The latter is a minister of the M. E. church and has been living in the West for many years.

During the latter portion of the life of the deceased he was engaged in the service of the well known iron firm of Valentines & Co., who were greatly benefited by his skill and experience. He was a devout member of the Methodist church and died in the full hope of a blessed eternity. His sincere piety and Godly life gained for him the respect and esteem of his Christian brethren and of all with whom he came in contact. As a class leader in the church he was looked up to with reverence. The numerous surviving relatives and friends can find consolation in his consistent, holy life, knowing that his sanctified spirit is beckoning them on to a life of self-consecration to the same cause which made his life sublime, and but a few brief years shall roll away into the dim past 'ere they can meet with his purified spirit and in heaven renew the relationships which were so pleasant on earth.

—No voter can feel perfectly certain that his right to vote in November will not be challenged unless he satisfies himself that he has a state or county tax paid since November 7, 1880. All who are in doubt should attend to this now.

—Mr. Ferdinand Beezer, proprietor of the distillery at Spring Creek, intends to operate his establishment with steam power and is now putting in an engine for that purpose.

### Items, Personal and Particular, at Scotia Mines.

Mr. Leo Bullians is the very efficient superintendent of Scotia Mines. To him is largely due their success.

The steam shovel—which is, by the way, the most remarkably ingenius piece of mechanism ever invented—is engineered by Mr. J. W. Wood. This shovel plunges into a bank of ore and in less time than it takes to write it conveys a ton of the precious substance to the car waiting to receive it. It is a marvel and no one should visit Scotia Mines without inspecting it.

The late Coleman Wynn, whose death was so much regretted, has been succeeded by Mr. J. D. Stephens. Mr. S. is a gentleman of fine business capacity.

The store of James I. Thompson at Scotia is conducted on the cash principle. Goods are sold at very reasonable rates, fine groceries being made a specialty.

The store has an excellent clerk in the person of Mr. William Mitchell, who is evidently the right person in the right place.

Of course there is a boarding house at Scotia for the entertainment of travelers on business or pleasure bent. It is excellently conducted by Mr. Alfred Johnsonbaugh.

A laboratory is another institution which we presume the managers of Scotia mines find almost indispensible to their business. Mr. John Stier, a gentleman well fitted by education and natural genius to test the qualities of the ore, has control of it.

Serenaders of the most objectionable kind have invaded Scotia and vicinity. They recently created such a racket near the residence of Mr. Benjamin Johnsonbaugh—who was married not long ago—that Mrs. Johnsonbaugh became quite seriously ill from the effects of the sudden shock.

The stately and beautiful M. E. church which now graces the village of Scotia reflects credit on all who were concerned in its construction. Certainly the guiding and prompting spirit in devising and carrying on the work was Mr. John Mattern, to whom all are quite willing to give due credit.

—A movement has been devised to still further beautify the Diamond. With this view narrow, grassy lawns will be made on either side of High street at its junction with the Diamond, or public square—one in front of the First National Bank, extending from the Dale Brothers' office to Allegheny street and the other on the Brockerhoff side of the same street extending from the Benner mansion in the same direction, each of them to be surrounded with neat iron fences. These will be desirable improvements although they will limit the already small proportions of the square.

### Errata.

In our article containing Miss Sue F. Campbell's letter regarding her wonderful recovery from a disease of over twenty years continuance three errors occurred, committed either by the person who transcribed the letter or ourselves, but which we hasten to correct. They are: "*Proverb* of James 5:15" which should read *promise* of James 5: 5; "*vices* of education" should read bias of education, and "*uncomforted*" uncomfortable. The friends of Miss Campbell have the most implicit faith that her recovery was accomplished through the instrumentality of prayer and would be pleased to have all the papers that have referred to the cure at all also publish her letter together with the introductory remarks of Mr. J. C. Kelly. Miss Campbell continues to enjoy excellent health.

—Mr. Siegfried, who was quite severely injured a few weeks ago at Boak's saw mill and was afterwards brought to Garman's Hotel to receive medical treatment, has so far recovered as to return home. The sight of one eye was entirely destroyed and the other was in danger, but is now all right.

### More Evidence.

S. B. HARTMAN & Co., Osborn, Ohio. —*Gentlemen:* Your valuable *Peruna* is the best medicine I ever used.

NANCY FETTERMAN,
Cookport, Indiana Co., Pa.

Your *Peruna* for indigestion and liver troubles helps me.

W. P. BRANDON, East Liverpool, O.

I was suffering with pain in the chest, palpitation of the heart, with great swelling of the stomach. *Peruna* is doing wonders for me.

JOHN DONAHUE,
Sharpsburg, Allegheny county, Pa.

I have had liver complaint for three years; I thought I would have to quit work; I have taken two bottles of your *Peruna* and am well.

THOS. BRADFORD,
314 Western ave., Allegheny City, Pa.

Ask your druggist for Dr. Hartman's book on the "Ills of Life."—gratis.

—Mr. James Schofield is putting a new roof on his residence on Thomas street.


*New Advertisements.*

**Cuticura**

THE NEW BLOOD PURIFIER

**Resolvent**

Mr. Albert Kingsbury, Keene, N. H., troubled with bad humor on hands and neck, caused by lead poisoning. (He is a painter.) At times it would break out, crack open, and the skin separate from the flesh in large pieces, suffering great continual itching and stinging. Purchased your remedies; used CUTICURA RESOLVENT internally, and CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP externally, and in less than three months effected a complete cure, and has not been troubled since. Corroborated by Bullard & Foster, Druggists, Keene, N. H.

**MOTHER DIED FROM IT.**

J. W. Adams, Newark, Ohio, says: "Cuticura Remedies are the greatest medicines on earth. Had the worst case salt rheum in this county. My mother had it twenty years, and in fact died from it. I believe Cuticura would have saved her life. My arms, breast and head were covered for three years, which nothing relieved or cured until I used the Cuticura Resolvent (blood purifier) internally, and Cuticura and Cuticura soap externally.

**PSORIASIS.**

H. E. Carpenter, Esq., Henderson, N. Y., cured of Psoriasis or Leprosy, of twenty years' standing, by the CUTICURA RESOLVENT internally, and CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP externally. The most wonderful case on record. Cure certified to before a justice of the peace and prominent citizens. All afflicted with itching and scaly diseases should send to us for this testimonial in full.

**SALT RHEUM.**

Those who have experienced the torments of Salt Rheum can appreciate the agony I endured for years, until I cured by CUTICURA RESOLVENT internally, and CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP externally.

MRS. WM. PELLINGTON, Sharon, Wis.

**CUTICURA**

And CUTICURA SOAP externally and CUTICURA RESOLVENT internally will positively cure every species of Humor, from a common Pimple to Scrofula.

Price of Cuticura, Small boxes, 50c.; large boxes, $1.00. Cuticura Resolvent, $1.00 per bottle. Cuticura Soap, 25c.; Cuticura Shaving Soap, 15c.

Depot, WEEKS & POTTER, Boston, Mass.

**CATARRH**

**Sanford's Radical Cure.**

A single dose instantly relieves the most violent sneezing or head colds, clears the head as by magic, stops watery discharges from the nose and eyes, prevents ringing noises in the head, cures Nervous Headache and subdues Chills and Fever. In Chronic Catarrh it cleanses the nasal passages of foul mucus, restores the senses of smell, taste and hearing when affected, frees the head, throat and bronchial tubes of offensive matter, sweetens and purifies the breath, stops the cough and arrests the progress of catarrh towards consumption.

One bottle Radical Cure, one box Catarrhal Solvent and Sanford's Inhaler, all in one package, of all druggists, for $1. Ask for Sanford's Radical Cure.

WEEKS & POTTER, Boston.

**100** TIMES MORE EFFECTUAL than any other plaster or electric battery for pain and weakness of the Lungs, Liver, Kidneys and Urinary organs, Partial Paralysis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Hysteria, Female Weakness, Nervous Pains and Weaknesses, Malaria and Fever and Ague. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere.

PENNSYLVANIA

**STATE COLLEGE.**

**Fall Term Opens August 25.**

This institution is located in one of the most beautiful and healthful spots of the entire Allegheny region. It is open to students of both sexes, and offers the following Courses of Study:

1. A Full Classical Course of four years.
2. A Full Scientific Course of four years.
3. The following SPECIAL COURSES, of two years each, following the first two years of the full Scientific Course: (a) AGRICULTURE; (b) NATURAL HISTORY; (c) CHEMISTRY AND PHYSICS; (d) CIVIL ENGINEERING.
4. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Agriculture.
5. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Chemistry.
6. A Classical and Scientific Preparatory Course.

Military drill is required. Expenses for board and incidentals very low. Tuition free. Young ladies under charge of a competent lady Principal.

For Catalogues, or other information, address GEO. W. ATHERTON, *President*, 14-28-4t *State College, Centre Co., Pa.*

**W. P. Duncan & Co.**

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**ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS**

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**PATENT WATER WHEEL,**

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**Grist Mill Machinery.**

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**Drs. J. N. & J. B. Hobensack,**

No. 206 Second st., Above Race,

PHILADELPHIA.

For 30 years have been engaged in the treatment of Secret Diseases as regular practitioners. Read "Wisdom in a Nutshell," sent to any address on receipt of a three-cent stamp. Useful information to the afflicted.

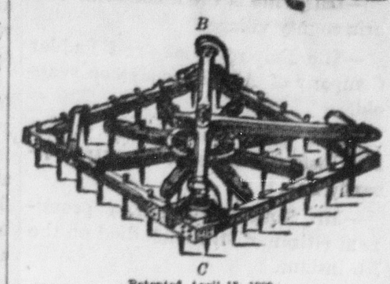
Office hours from 8 a. m. to 2 p. m., and from 6 to 9 p. m. Consultations by mail strictly private and confidential. 14-30-1y*

*Miscellaneous.*

**THE PENN HARROW**

**BEST IN THE WORLD**

**IT HAS NO EQUAL**




Patented April 13, 1880.

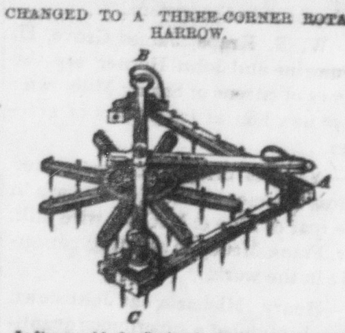
The above cut represents the Penn Harrow complete, with all its combinations of **Five Harrows and a sled for each Harrow**; and each succeeding change is made from this Harrow **without** the least additional expense. By hooking the team to either point, B or C, the center revolves and gives the ground Two Strokes and Two Crossings in passing over it once, making it **the most effective pulverizer in the market.**

**THIS HARROW HAS ONLY TO BE USED TO BE APPRECIATED.**

See it before purchasing and you will buy no other.

**The Penn Harrow**

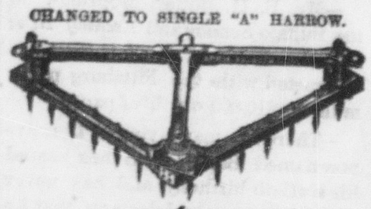
CHANGED TO A THREE-CORNER ROTARY HARROW.




Indispensable for Orchards, as the revolving wheel harrows right up to and all around the trees without barking them.

**The Penn Harrow**

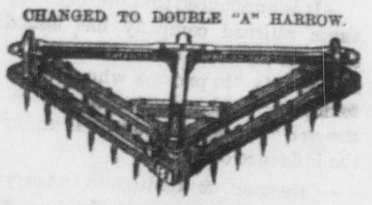
CHANGED TO SINGLE "A" HARROW.




By removing the wing and wheel from the original you have a complete one-horse "A" Harrow.

**The Penn Harrow**

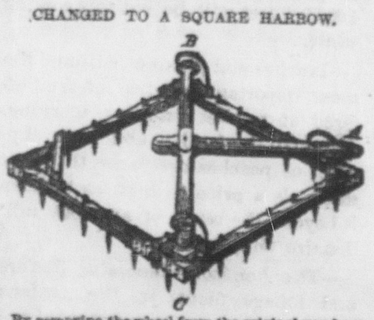
CHANGED TO DOUBLE "A" HARROW.




Remove the wheel from the original, reverse the wing, and it makes the most complete Double "A" Harrow in the market.

**The Penn Harrow**

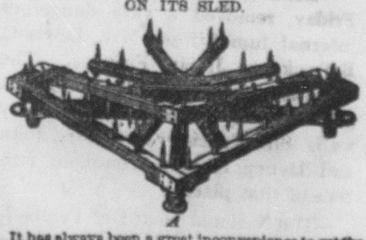
CHANGED TO A SQUARE HARROW.




By removing the wheel from the original you have a Harrow with three points to hook to. By hooking to B or C you can harrow in a furrow, and harrow the bottom and both sides, or over a ridge and harrow the top and both sides, or you can lift either point and have three points on the ground—**something that cannot be done with any other Harrow.**

**The Penn Harrow**

ON ITS SLED.



It has always been a great inconvenience to get the Harrow to and from the field. The Penn Harrow obviates this, as no matter which Harrow you wish to use in the combination, **it has its own sled to haul it on.**

**The Penn Harrow**

Is made of the **best white oak, with steel teeth, well painted, in every way first-class.** Formerly a harrow was the most unhandy implement on the farm; with our improvement it is the most convenient, **will do double the work of any other harrow and save the farmer half his labor, and is warranted to do all we represent or money refunded. ORDER AT ONCE AND BE CONVINCED.**

*Price of the light draft Combination Penn Harrow,* **$30.** *Send for a Catalogue and see what farmers say.*

AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY COUNTY.

**PENN HARROW MANUFACTURING CO.**

**CAMDEN, N. J.**

14-30-3m

**READ, MARK and LEARN!**

That a fine enclosed Picnic Ground, with **every convenience, Swings, Croquet Ground, Quoits, Paraloin,** and a fine Spring of pure water, **with plenty of shade, for Societies, Clubs, Lodges,** and all respectable Parties, **MUSIC and LUNCHES** gotten up at moderate rates. Carriages and Tickets for the Caves.

Address for terms,

**GEO. B. NASH,**

SPRING MILLS HOUSE,

14 27 3m Spring Mills.

# Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance


## Local Department.

—Apple dumplings are ripe.

—Lock Haven's obituary notice is already written.

—Daisyville is the name of a Cambria county village.

—The Empire Hook and Ladder Company of Altoona is sixteen years old.

—The "piano fund" concert on the 26th instant promises to be extraordinarily fine.

—Mr. Samual Albright, a prominent citizen of Millheim, died on the 7th instant.

—West Fourth street, Williamsport, is to be fenced in as unfit for the use of either man or beast.

—It is said that the large crop of acorns indicate that next winter will be unusually severe. We hope the indication is false.

—Slide the tomato down your throat at every opportunity. A learned physician says it is excellent for giving tone to the system.

—W. B. Krape, James Grove, H. Krumrine and John Horner are the names of citzens of Spring Mills who have new houses in process of erection.

—A trestle bridge is being erected across the race on the old tow path in the rear of Linn & McCoy's wire mill. Mr. Frank McCoy is assisting personally in the work.

—Henry Michaels, a Johnstown cherub, sampled a superfluous quantity of the "ten-cents-a-drink" and went home to whip his wife. He is now resting in the county jail.

—Mr. E. H. Butler, proprietor of the Buffalo *Sunday* and *Evening News* and the Bradford *Sunday News* has contracted with the Pittsburg paper mills for $10,000 worth of paper.

—There is a man living in Duncannon named Barber, who has passed his sixtieth birthday, and has never tasted ice cream and declares that he never will taste it. He'll have a mighty poor show when he comes to getting a second wife.

—It is announced that the Pennsylvania railroad company has issued orders to all ticket agents to refuse to sell tickets "to persons who are intoxicated," and all gatemen are instructed "to pass no one who is under the influence of liquor."

—Crossman & Smith, of Cherry Tree, recently purchased 2 200 acres of land in Clinton county for $60,000. It is estimated that there are 25,000,000 feet of timber on the tract, 16,000,000 of which is yellow pine. About 4,000,000 feet will be cut this coming winter.

—Peaches and plums constituted the most important varieties of fruit offered at market Saturday morning. Although the foreign and home supplies of peaches are large, the fruit demands a price so high as to keep it beyond the reach of any but millionaire citizens.

—The handsome blooming flowers and foliage plants in the gardens around town present a beautiful appearance, although those that are to be preserved through the winter are being potted and taken into the conservatories in view of the early arrival of Jack Frost.

—Dr. T. R. Hayes, of this place, on Friday, removed a very dangerous internal tumor from Mrs. Lewis C. Bullock, of Julian Furnace. The operation was skillfully performed and the lady is getting along very well. She is a sister of Messrs. John and Henry Hoover, prominent citizens of that place.

—The National Guard of Pennsylvania having been invited to take part in the bi-centennial exercises at Philadelphia next month has accepted and Friday, October 27, has been set apart for their grand parade. The Fifth regiment will participate, and will be headed by the Altoona City band, a friend of the regiment having engaged it for that purpose.

—Bellefonte at present contains at least one person who can testify to the salubrity of the climate. That is Dr. Joseph H. Coover, of Harrisburg, who is now at the Brockerhoff House. He spent a few weeks in Bellefonte last summer for the benefit of his health, which was then quite poor. He immediately began to improve and gained over twenty pounds which he still retains and is now the picture of health. He will remain in Bellefonte a short time. As a physician he is considered very skillful. He has traveled extensively in Europe and is an agreeable gentleman.

### DEDICATED.

**The Union Church Building Erected by Mrs. Harvey Mann.**

Saturday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, a large number of people from Bellefonte and from Boiling Springs and vicinity assembled in the neat little building just completed at the latter place to assist in the service of dedicating it to the worship of the Supreme Ruler of the world. To Him all things belong, but it is a beautiful and significant feature of the Christian faith that every village and hamlet has an edifice devoted to His praise and honor, a costly reminder to the wayfarer of the intense love and adoration of the Christian heart.

The building in question is a neat frame structure. Its dimensions are 30x45 feet, and it is surmounted by a tasteful cupola. It will comfortably accommodate about 225 people. A fine organ has been placed in the building and it is also provided with a complete communion service. The entire cost was about $2,000, and it was paid for exclusively by Mrs. Harvey Mann, and designed as a memorial to her husband, Harvey Mann, Sr., deceased.

Messrs. John Pacini and Jacob Showers were the contractors for the erection of the building and executed their part of the work in a manner which reflects credit upon themselves and is perfectly satisfactory to all concerned.

As the residents of that vicinity represent several branches of the Christian faith the building will be a Union church and those who desire to engage in the worship of God are welcome to enter its sacred precints, unrestrained by any narrow sectarian differences of belief. Therefore, the more fittingly to dedicate it the clergymen of all denominations were invited to attend, the following being present: Rev. Wm. Laurie, of the Presbyterian church; Rev, S. E. Furst, of the Lutheran chu rch; Rev. George Penepacker, of the M. E. church; Rev. J. F. DeLong, of the Reformed church; and Rev. Noble, of Boiling Springs circuit, M. E. church. Others would have been present, but were unavoidably absent from town.

The choir was composed of persons living in that vicinity, Mr. Bell officiating as leader and director and Miss Twitmire presiding at the organ. The exercises were as follows: Prayer, by Rev. George Penepacker, who also announced the first hymn, No 62. Rev. J. F. Delong read the third chapter of 1st Corinthians, following it with appropriate remarks. Rev. Noble announced hymn No. 115, after the singing of which A. O. Furst, Esq., read the deed of trust, and made a very interesting speech. This was followed by the dedication prayer by Rev. William Laurie. After the rendition of hymn No. 133 Rev. S. E. Furst made a brief address. The service closed with the long metre doxology and the benediction by Rev. S. E. Furst.

The weather was all that could be desired for such an occasion. The services throughout were very interesting and we have no doubt that the congregation separated with happy hearts and with minds elevated by the great thoughts which the occasion inspired.

### Burned to the Ground.

The residence of Mr. W. A. Taylor, near Rock Forge, was entirely destroyed by fire on Thursday evening of last week together with all its contents, two chairs being the only articles of furniture that were saved from the general devastation. Mr. and Mrs. Taylor left the house in the evening to visit Mrs. Taylor's mother, who resides a short distance away. Before starting they lighted the lamp, leaving it on a centre table, as usual, however, turning the flame down as low as possible. They had been absent but a short time when they discovered their home in flames, and before they could return the fire had gained too much headway to save anything. It is supposed that the lamp exploded as there was no other fire about the dwelling.

Mr. Taylor is well known in Bellefonte as he formerly carried on the butchering business here. Of late his health has been quite feeble. The loss will fall very heavily upon him as in the destruction of his house and its contents nearly all his earthly possessions have disappeared. He is entitled to sympathy in his misfortune.

—On Thursday the 14th instant, as two well known gentlemen were hunting on the mountains above Milesburg they observed a grey squirrel high up in the branches of a tree. Of course they shot at it, but as a young man who was also hunting had observed and shot at it several times before they reached the scene, they allowed him to claim the game when it was at last brought down from its lofty perch. It was gray in color with a red tail and must have weighed five or six pounds.

### THE NEW INDUSTRY.

**Operations at the Bellefonte Nail Works—What is Contemplated for the Future.**

This new and what is generally conceeded very successful industrial establishment is now in active operation, adding to its strength and executive power every day, under the guidance of a very competent management. The letter headings bear the names of the strong executive trio as follows: James A. Beaver, Chairman; Wm. V. Emery, Secretary and Treasurer; S. Achenbach, General Superintendent.

The ground was broken for the erection of the works less than a year ago. Now between 75 and 100 hands constantly employed make it a hive of industry in which, like all well regulated hives, there is no room for drones and idlers. To reduce the result of a day's work to figures we find that 125 kegs of nails and 10 tons of bar iron have been produced in that brief period. The number of nail machines now in use is 15, and more will be added at an early day.

The motive power of the works consists of one horizontal slide valve engine, with cut off, of 190-horse power; one 40-horse power slide valve engine for driving the nail mill and one 10-horse power engine used in sawing the iron and driving a Sturdevant fan to make blast. There is also in course of erection a horizontal side lever engine of 150-horse power, which will be used to drive the plate rolls.

It is also in contemplation at an early day to increase the capacity of the works by the erection of a guide mill for the manufacture of small iron. This will require an additional engine of 80-horse power.

Four large horizontal tubular boilers furnish steam and drive the engines. Two steam pumping engines of the Knowles & Blake pattern furnish the water required for boilers, rolls, etc.

One of the improvements now in progress is a large and commodious boarding house for the accommodation of the men employed at the works.

The general superintendent, Mr. Achenbach, is a gentleman of large experience in the iron business. Mr George W. Rodgers holds the responsible position of master mechanic and engineer. The firm is noted for fair dealing with its employes, and it is safe to say that if all manufacturers of iron were disposed to deal as justly and honorable with their men there would be fewer strikes.

### The Harvest Moon.

The September moon fulls on the 27th at 12:26 a. m. It is the beautiful harvest moon and possesses special claims to distinction. For, owing to the position of the ecliptic in regard to the equator at this season, the moon rises for several consecutive nights with only a comparatively small interval between the successive risings. The short autumnal days seem thus to be prolonged by the floods of silvery moonlight that make the night beautiful as day. The phenomenon is as easily explained as the axial rotation of the earth. But in the older times, when man was nearer to nature, the harvest moon was considered a direct interposition of Providence to assist the husbandman in gathering in the harvest. The waning moon is in conjunction with Neptune on the 2d, with Saturn on the 3d, with Jupiter on the 4th and with Uranus on the 12th. The new moon on the 12th is in conjunction with Mercury and Mars on the 14th and with Venus on the 16th, passing a degree and a-half north of her.

### Stolen State Property.

The Altoona *Tribune* says that information has been made against several persons in Lewistown for stealing camp equipage from the encampment ground. Tents belonging to the National Guard were found in several houses in Lewistown, and on the strength of the discovery several arrests will be made. The property of the National Guard missing, according to a statement of Chief Clerk Kelly, of the adjutant general's department, consists of two sets of hospital tent poles, nineteen wall tent flies, thirty-two common tents, eight camp kettles, forty-five mess pans, eighteen picks, thirty four axes, twelve spades and 134 mallets. Some of the soldiers also lost overcoats, blankets and knapsacks.

—Arrangements are in progress to lay out a new road leading from the red school house on the pike near Hon. S. H. Yocum's residence, to pass the Armor inclined farms, *crossing the mountain*, and connecting with the road leading from Milesburg to Curtin's Works, near the residence of Joseph Kitchen. Viewers were at work on the proposed route on Friday. The *practical utility* of the road will at once be apparent to all. We understand that the route is already reported favorably.

### Hematite and Magnetic Ores.

Mr. James Wolfenden, of Lock Haven, writes as follows to the *American Railroad Journal*, his letter appearing in the issue of September 6:

EDITOR AMERICAN RAILROAD JOURNAL: DEAR SIR: In your valuable contribution of railway, mine and mill views of the 26 ult., I notice a statement that iron manufacturers complain of a scarcity of good hematite ore in Pennsylania, naming Centre county as having some fine specimens, but stating that they are not enough to warrant manufacturers in paying freight on them, and that the best magnetic ores used in Pennsylvania are now brought from Spain and Africa. As the assertion does not name the works or give figures, your readers are unable to form even an approximate estimate of the cost of handling the New Jersey magnetic and the Pennsylvania hematite ores, or of bringing them to this section. Judging from my observation I should say that the works were located by the "tow-path" rule, depending on wagon feeders from the mines to the the railroads, which would cost not less than ten cents per ton for each mile; and the difference in wages in this country from those in the countries named must also be taken into account. The Central Pennsylvania hematite ores of Clinton, Centre, Clearfield and other counties have a hundred fold greater acreage of stratified mines than are now worked, but their development is retarded by the trunk lines of railroad, which tap the surface wash-ores, neglecting the mining district of Sugar and Nittany valleys, which contain superior hematite ore between the limestone and in paying quantities, certainly yielding fifty per cent. of iron in the blast furnace and that of A 1 quality, for tin plate stamp iron or the finest wire, etc. And in Clearfield and adjoining counties westward we have ores in plenty to cheaply feed several Cambria or Johnstown iron and steel works. What is needed are railroad facilities—the ore is there.

Respectfully yours,
J. WOLFENDEN.

Lock Haven, Pa. Sept. 6, '82.

### At the M. E. Church.

The congregation which assembled in the Methodist church on Sunday night was very large and the services were impressive. No regular sermon was delivered, but the pastor, Rev. George Penepacker, read the rules of the church by which those who were to be admitted would be governed, explaining them very fully and giving them the interpretation which he thought proper. If these rules are adhered to by the persons who united with the church last night, certainly no one will have reason to criticise their conduct and they will be safe examples for imitation. After the rules were fully explained Rev. Penepacker read out the names of those who were to unite with the church and they took their positions in rows extending across the church near the pulpit. We did not learn the exact number, but it must have been about fifty. The minister again briefly explained to them the importance of the vows which they were about to take, giving any of them who wished to do so an opportunity to withdraw. Then he extended to them the right hand of fellowship and they were made full members.

This is a part of the grand result of the revival last winter. We hope the same church will be visited by an equally great blessing during the present year.

### How the "Watchman" Told the Truth.

The following from the Altoona *Tribune* is certainly worth repeating. It affords such a delightful illustration of the accuracy of our brilliant neighboring contemporary:

General E. S. Bragg, a Wisconsin member of congress, and of course a Republican, was arrested in Chicago the other day by a hotel keeper named Rich, to secure payment of $1,250 borrowed by Bragg last winter, and lost by him playing poker. Bragg gave Rich an order for the money, at the time he borrowed it, on the sergeant-at-arms of the House, but the order was not honored, because Bragg had already drawn his salary to that day. This is another specimen of the Republican member of congress.—*Bellefonte Watchman.*

The above it strictly accurate with the trifling exception that General Bragg is a hard shell Democrat, having taken an active part in several Democratic national conventions, beginning with the one held in Charleston in 1860. He has been a member of the three last congresses, elected from the Fifth Wisconsin district, each time as a Democrat. So that he is "a specimen" of the Democratic member of congress and not of the Republican. For his history the *Watchman* is referred to the congressional directory, page 78.

—Will some one please inform us why the street lamps were not lighted on Saturday night? It was one of the darkest nights of the season, and we know a fellow who, although as sober as a judge, almost broke his neck a half-dozen times in making a hasty trip through the town. On Sunday night it was equally dark for the same reason.

—The "Child of the State" dramatic company arrived from Lock Haven Monday on the 6 o'clock a. m. train.

### Sudden Death.

Persons living near the car works were startled on Monday morning to learn that a sudden death had taken place at the residence of Mr. Lawrence Solt, in the Bush row. Mr. Daniel Solt, a cousin of Lawrence, came to his residence on Sunday and on Sunday night, before retiring, was evidently in good health and spirits. Monday morning his death was discovered by his cousin, Mr. Lawrence Solt, who went to his room at an early hour. It is supposed that his death occurred about 4 o'clock Monday morning.

The coroner, Dr. Joseph Adams, of Milesburg, was summoned and held an inquest, being assisted by the following persons: C. F. Solt, J. C. Miller, Charley McCafferty, Jacob Gill, E. T. Tuten and A. B. Steele. They rendered a verdict that the deceased came to his death while suffering with an epileptic fit, to which the testimony proved he was subject.

The deceased was about 33 years of age and was a son of William Solt, of Pleasant Gap. He was married, his wife being a daughter of Mr. Joseph Thompson, of Snow Shoe, where she is now living. He was a soldier of the late war, being a member of Company F, 200th Regiment, Pa. Vols., and holding a discharge dated May 19, 1865.

—The Bellefonte Boat Club, which has enjoyed a brief season of uninterrupted happiness in skimming like a white swan over the translucent waters of the planing mill pond, with scarce the semblance of an accident to dampen the enthusiasm of their ardor, have separately and individually put on their thinking caps with the yet but half-formed conclusion to change the organization into a skating club. The glassy surface of the pond will be illuminated probably with electric lights; arches will be erected at regular distances under which the graceful skaters may circle; the air will be made to breathe incense from a thousand hidden sources and all will be merry as a marriage bell. Who can doubt that the plan will be successful?

### A Greenback Meeting.

The court house bell rang twice Thursday evening and people began to inquire the reason for it. Investigation revealed that a Greenback meeting had been appointed for that date, although few people knew anything of it as no notice of the gathering had been sent to the papers for publication. Consequently there was a very small attendance, although Mr. J. V. Thomas, chairman, was present and also the orator of the occasion, Mr. N. L. Atwood, of Lock Haven. The gentleman is an able speaker and spoke long and earnestly on money, national banks, etc. He made very positive statements and seems to understand the difficult science of finance thoroughly.

—The festival of the Reformed church last week was a great success, about $260 having been realized, nearly all of which was clear money. —*Watchman.*

What kind of money do you call "clear?" and pray inform us what peculiar variety of "circulating medium" it may be which you *do not* choose to designate by that title. If $260 was the amount realized and all of it was not "clear" money do you mean to intimate that produce constituted a part of the proceeds? We confess that if we are to be guided by the above paragraph we are yet at loss to know the financial result of the successful festival. That paragraph is a little like the $260—not all "clear."

### The State Board of Agriculture.

The Pennsylvania state board of agriculture will hold its next annual meeting at Washington, Pa., beginning on Wednesday, October 18, and continuing several days. These meetings will be open to everybody, but they will be of special interest to farmers. A large number of delegates from different agricultural societies in the state will be present, and it is expected that there will be a large attendance. The subjects to be discussed have been assigned to capable persons, and an extensive programme has been arranged.

—On the 4th of next month the synod of Pennsylvania, embracing all the ministers and one ruling elder from each Presbyterian congregation within the boundaries of the State will meet in Harrisburg to transact such business as is usually brought before synods of that church, and also fix the rate of representation from each presbytery at all future meetings of the synod of Pennsylvania.

—There has been a gradual but steady improvement in the iron trade of late, induced, no doubt, by the approach of the fall trade and the movements of the crops. Stocks are said to be low and a large profitable fall business is confidently looked for.

### Personal Pencilings.

Mr. Hal. Orbison departed on Friday for Princeton Seminary.

Miss Kate McDonald, of Lewisburg, and Miss Annie White, of Milroy, are guests at the residence of Gen. James A. Beaver.

Miss Hendrickson, of New Jersey, who has been visiting the family of Mr. Robert Valentine of this place, departed for her home on Wednesday morning of last week.

We learn that Mr. John Lyon expects to depart for Philadelphia in a few days to take a responsible position in an entensive business establishment in that city.

On Tuesday, the 12th inst., Miss Ida Gerberick, of this place, and Miss Kate Shaffer, daughter of ex-Sheriff Shaffer, departed for Luthersville, Md., to attend a popular young ladies' seminary located in that place.

Mrs. John T. Johnson and Mrs. T. R. Hayes are soliciting subscriptions toward the new building for the Presbyterian Sunday school. Of course they meet with good success, as few can resist their solicitations.

Mrs. J. G. Love departed last week for Clifton Springs, N. Y., where she will remain several weeks for the benefit of her health. She was accompanied by Miss Annie Orvis, who returns to school at that place.

Miss Franklin, of Philadelphia, who has been a guest of Miss Belle Hoover, of this place for several weeks, left for her home on Thursday followed by the regrets of her numerous acquaintances, who will look forward eagerly for a repetition of those annual visits.

Mrs. Yocum, wife of Hon. S. H. Yocum, departed a few days ago to the home of her parents in Middletown, N. Y. She was accompanied by her sister and two children. Mr. Yocum will join them in a few days and together the happy family expect to make quite an extended visit.

Among the passengers on the 5.59 train Thursday morning were Misses Sallie Hoffer and Clara Pruner and Mr. E. J. Pruner. The objective point of their trip is the city of Boston, where Miss Hoffer will remain during the fall and winter to perfect her musical education at the Boston Conservatory of Music. Mr. Pruner and his niece, Miss Clara, will return this week.

Messrs. Charles Schroyer, of Jeffersonville, Ind., Benjamin Schroyer, of Altoona, Pa., and Hayes Schroyer, of Lancaster, Pa., came to town on Saturday last and will remain a few days at the home of their parents in this place. It is not often that three brothers are all so prosperous and good-looking, and we have no doubt that it will continue to be so, as "fortune always favors the brave."

—The southern end of the building occupied as a residence by W. H. Wilkinson is being converted into a store room, into which Mr. W. will move the goods he has for sale as agent for Wanamaker & Co.

—The usual large crowd will attend the Grangers' picnic on Nittany mountain next Thursday.

### MARRIED.

BENNETT—GARDNER.—On the 19th of September, 1882, at the residence of James Wolslagle, in the borough of Unionville, by Wm. H. Smith, J. P., Mr. Alexander Bennett, of Boggs township, and Mrs. Sarah Gardner, of Huston township.

MANN—THIEL.—In the English Lutheran parsonage, Lock Haven, on Wednesday afternoon, September 6, by Rev. Heilman, Mr. George Mann and Miss Emma Thiel, both of Howard, Pa.

SWAB—VANHORN.—On the 2d of September, 1882, by N. P. Rider, J. P., Mr. Samuel Swab and Miss Mary Van Horn, both of Howard township.

### DIED.

HOLMES.—On Sunday, September 10, 1882, of cholera infantum, Maudella Holmes, infant daughter of James H. and Emma Holmes, of Collie township, aged 1 year, 5 months and 20 days.

In early spring "Our Father" sent
A bud in tiny casket set,
For us to cherish.
In early fall His flower he took,
And e'en the casket will not let
Forever perish. J. M. S.

### The Markets.

BELLEFONTE, September 19, 1882.

| | |
|---|---|
| Wheat—No. 1, per bushel | $1 00 |
| Wheat—No. 2, | 90 |
| Wheat—No. 3, | 80 |
| Rye per bushel | 80 |
| Corn, ear | 90 |
| Corn, shelled, old | 90 |
| Oats | 45 |
| Cloverseed | 5 50@6 00 |
| Flour, old wheat, retail, per barrel | 7 00 |
| Flour, old wheat, wholesale | 5 75 |

HAY AND STRAW.

| | |
|---|---|
| Hay, choice timothy, per ton | $10 00 |
| Hay, mixed, per ton | 6 00 |
| Long rye straw, bundled, per ton | 10 00 |
| Short straw per ton | 6 00@8 00 |

PLASTER.

| | |
|---|---|
| Cayuga, ground, per ton | $7 00 |
| Nova Scotia ground, per ton | 9 00 |

**Provision Market.**

Corrected daily by Valentines & Co.

| | |
|---|---|
| Apples, dried, per pound | 6 |
| Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded | 25 |
| Beans per quart | 10 |
| Fresh butter per pound | 25 |
| Chickens per piece | 20 |
| Cheese per pound | 15 |
| Country hams per pound | 16 |
| Hams, sugar cured | 18 |
| Country Bacon | 15 |
| Lard per pound | 15 |
| Eggs per doz | 20 |
| Potatoes per bushel, new | 50 |
| Dried beef | 22 |
| Wilson's pressed beef per pound | 20 |
| Canned tomatoes per can | 15 |
| Lemons per doz | 40 |
| Dried sweet corn per pound | 15 |